

# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol 14, No. 23

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, September 26, 1929

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

## CAR OF POTATOES Arriving Oct. 1st

You can have these off car on Oct. 1st and 2nd at \$3.60 cash per sack of 100 lbs. This price is good for the two days only.

OUR SHIPMENT OF CONCORD GRAPES  
WILL ARRIVE ON MONDAY, OCT. 30th

### FLOUR

Maple Leaf and Purity, \$5.50 per sack

## Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

G. W. RIDEOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

## How are your COAL BINS?

Our's are nearly full

Stove Coal - - \$6.50 per ton

Double Screen Lump \$7.50

## Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

## Beef, Pork and Cured Meats

FRESH FISH EVERY  
FRIDAY

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU !

## Chinook Meat Market

### Chinook Cafe

Our Cafe has been thoroughly renovated and is comfortable and clean—the place you can enjoy your meals.

BOOTHES FOR  
LADIES

Rooms in-Connection

Cigars, Cigarettes and  
Tobaccos

Soft Drinks, Fruit in Season  
Confectionery and Ice  
Cream Parlor

Chen Sam, Prop.

Bill says: "I had no idea a crop would continue to grow after you've commenced to combine it. If it continues I'll have to put some twine around the field."

### LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. R. Patton and baby left this week for Drumheller where they will spend the winter.

During the past week much conversation has been centered on the gas and oil flow at the well now being drilled by the Puego Co. twelve miles south of Oyen. Quite a number from Chinook made the trip to the well last Sunday, but we have failed to hear of anyone in this vicinity having purchased shares.

The student minister, Mr. Voeman, preached his far-well sermon last Sunday at Clover Leaf school to a congregation of fifty-five, which speaks well for that district, also for the student. Mr. Voeman has left for Victoria College, Toronto.

Lorne Proudfoot, M.L.A., is a Calgary visitor this week.

August Rosenau has purchased the house formerly owned by J. S. Smith.

DON'T FORGET—One package Day Dream Face Powder and one Vanity Case, both for 75 cents at Jacques' Drug Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Turple are Calgary visitors this week.

Gerald Stacey of Edmonton, who formerly lived here, made a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isbister last week.

Service will be held on Sunday, Sept. 29th, in the United Church at 7:30 in the evening, in place of 2 o'clock in the afternoon. All are invited to attend.

Mrs. August Rosenau, who was called to Milwaukee in July owing to the illness of her sister (who afterwards passed away), returned home on Monday. Mrs. Rosenau also visited other relatives in different parts of the States before returning.

E. J. Anderson, B.Sc., Eyesight Specialist from Calgary, will be Chinook on Friday, Sept. 27th.

C. W. Rideout left Monday night for Calgary where he will spend a few days on business.

Miss Crawford of Edmonton arrived here Saturday morning and will teach at the Crystal school.

Mrs. H. McInnis is visiting at the home of Mrs. Roy of Youngstown.

Mrs. J. Cooley is spending a week or two at Calgary visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. Thompson.

Mrs. Crockett of Youngstown visited some of her Chinook friends on Monday.

Miss Jessie Morrison who has been nursing at Hanna for the past few weeks attending Miss McCrae who underwent an operation for appendicitis, arrived home on Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Pachwood and two children arrived here on Saturday. Mr. Pachwood is employed at the hotel, and has moved into one of Mr. Carter's houses.

R. W. McClung, Calgary manager of the Manufacturers' Life, spent a day or two here last week with the local agent, C. E. Neff.

The prizes donated by Chinook High School for the highest percentage at the departmental examinations in June were awarded to Doris Marcy first, \$15, with an average of 84.6 per cent; second, \$10, Stuart Jones, with an average of 82.6 per cent. The money was raised by an entertainment given by the high school students last spring.

During the past ten day many of our local mirrors have brought in some fine bags of ducks, and they report ducks fairly plentiful in spite of the dry season. There are many good shots in our midst but no one was aware that we had a sportsman who could shoot from the hip. Now that the geese are going over all eyes are trained on this hip shooter and to learn how many shells are needed to make a kill.

### Jury Acquits Chinook Man in Auto Case

After deliberating for half an hour, Tuesday afternoon, a jury in the criminal court brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of Lewis Stephen Dawson, of Chinook, secretary of that municipality, who was charged with manslaughter following a fatal automobile accident which occurred on the Banff road nearly two months ago.

Harry Sheets, of the Cochrane district, was fatally injured when his car collided with one driven by the accused.

J. T. Shaw, K.C., summed up the case for the defense, pointing out that a man's liberty should not be jeopardized and his reputation hurt owing to an honest error of judgment.

"Not guilty" was the verdict brought in by the jury in the case of Joseph Nolan, truck driver, who appeared before Mr. Justice Ives and a jury in the supreme court at Calgary on Monday morning to answer to a charge of manslaughter arising out of the death of Sinclair Budd, killed when struck by a truck operated by Nolan on the Bonness road, July 31.

### Annual Press Convention

The Alberta Press Convention was held at the Macdonald Hotel, Edmonton, on Sept. 19 and 20. A very fine program was arranged and was printed, being the compliments of the Sec.-Treas., H. G. McCrea, editor of the Hanna Herald.

The addresses which were given at the different sessions were of a high order, most instructive and inspiring. Some speakers extolled the weekly newspaper editor, holding up his virtues as a citizen and as a pillar of progress and development of his home town, his district and his province. Others spoke of the great value of the home paper in its own town and district as an advertising medium, etc., in the outlying districts which the daily newspapers do not reach.

A two hour drive around the city was given to the members on Thursday afternoon, and in the evening a banquet was tendered by the Edmonton Bulletin and Edmonton Journal.

### New C.N.R. Dam Ready To Receive Water

Work on the C.N.R. dam northwest of Chinook is completed and now waiting for climatic conditions to fill it with water. It is being surrounded by a close wire fence to protect any stray animals that may wander in that direction. An engine and pump have yet to be installed in the large cement pump house. At present the engineers are working on the plans and location of the tank to be erected along side the railway track about two miles east of Dobson siding. Many of the trains operating on the Goose Lake line haul a tank car to give them water enough fit for steam purposes between the various points, and when this system is functioning right it will no doubt reduce the tank car to a minimum.

The construction company who had the contract have shipped their equipment to the vicinity of Edmonton, where they have a similar contract.

Mrs. Peyton and daughter Julia left Sunday night for Waterton, South Dakota, the former receiving word that her mother was seriously ill.

Inspector Scott, of Oyen, is visiting the schools in the surrounding district this week.

The Chinook branch of the Women's Institute will hold its regular meeting Wednesday, Oct. 2nd, at the home of Mrs. Nicholson. Mrs. Nicholson and Mrs. Todd being joint hostesses. The roll call will be answered with suggestions on community entertainments for the winter.

## Winter Goods

Large Size Heavy  
Woollen Blankets, \$4.95, \$5.90, \$6.75  
Men's Horse Hide Leather Coats, Fur Collar, \$18.50  
Men's Blazer Coats.....\$3.45  
Men's Leather Lined Mackinaw Coats.....\$15.75  
Men's Heavy Wool Sweaters.....\$3.00 and \$3.75  
Children's Sweaters.....\$1.50  
Boys' Blazer Jackets.....\$2.25  
2 Only Young Men's Leather Jackets, each, \$9.25

Full Stock of Underwear, Wool Socks, etc.

## HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

## Fall and Winter Goods Are Here SEE THEM

Rubbers and Overshoes are lower this year

Shot Gun Shells in all sizes of shot

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

## The Acadia Hotel

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT  
NEWLY RENOVATED

Solicits a share of your patronage, and guarantees service equal to anything rendered in the past.

J. G. CONNELL, Manager CHINOOK

### Hanna Presbytery

The Hanna Presbytery was held at Craigmyle, Sept. 16th to 18th.

After the devotional exercises on Monday morning, Rev. Hatty of Youngstown gave a paper on "The Relation of the Church to Social Life." The problems confronting the church today were not different to those of Christ's time. There were as many classes then as now, to which Christ came striving to weld them all together in Christian brotherhood. He spoke of the need of Christian training of children in the home, comparing the few hours spent in the Sunday school to time spent in the home and day school.

Rev. Woollett in leading the discussion on this paper, said the church should hold out a helping hand to all in need; should be interested in problems such as child labor, conditions of factories, mines, etc. The criticism was often made that these were the problems of the state, but he thought they should also be the problems of the church. Social service work, prohibition, the work of the Lord's Day Alliance. He believed in the free social as a means of promoting sociability in the church.

Rev. Leech of Drumheller spoke of the great problems of the church today in providing entertainment for the young, the desire for popular amusements being greater than for the religious or social life of the church.

On Monday afternoon Rev. Griffith of Craigmyle gave an inspiring address on "Evangelization." He stressed the value of the personal touch in winning souls and cited as examples of its power; the response of the disciples and the woman at the well, to Christ's personal call. Each disciple went out and brought another life to Christ. The avenue of love was the Master's way and man could not possess the passion of God for souls unless a man of prayer and in constant communion with God.

Continued on page 8

### ACADIA CAFE

Is now in position to handle the trade for our

40c

CHICKEN DINNER

on Sunday

From 12 to 3:30

OUR MOTTO  
IS QUALITY AND SERVICE

R. MART - Manager

### Chinook Theatre Friday & Sat'day Sept. 27-28

## CRAIG'S WIFE

A Show One Shouldn't Miss

Next Week

JACK HOLT and  
NANCY CARROLL

-IN-

## The Waterhole IN NATURAL COLORS

S. Holloway, of Olds, is spending the week with his brother, R. Holloway.

W. H. Horne is taking over the business of Mr. Hart, of Youngstown, who has left for Peace River.

Bill says: "Muscle can be hired, but you must use your own head."

Every tiny leaf is a  
storehouse of flavour



### Removal Of Friction and Strife

The setting up of the organization of the League of Nations had, as its main object, the removal of those racial, religious, economic and political animosities and suspicions which kept the nations of the world, and particularly the nations of Europe, in constant turmoil and ever on the verge of war. Because of the bitterness and suspicions thus kept alive and active, all nations armed to the teeth, one against another, while a multitude of restrictions and prohibitions to international intercourse were established.

Not only were national boundaries marked by lines of fortifications, but intricate systems of espionage were maintained, passports were required of people passing across boundary lines, different gauges were built by railways, customs posts established everywhere, and hostile tariffs imposed by one country upon the products of other countries.

Thus were the people of each country kept warned against the possible enmity of other countries, suspicions were never allowed to die down, a constant state of friction prevailed, and strife was uppermost in every mind.

It was as inevitable as the rising of the sun that such a state of mind among the peoples of the world must end in some gigantic conflict. It came in 1914, and all but ruined mankind, and nearly destroyed civilization. The statesmen of the world realized that unless something was done to remove those suspicions and causes of friction, it would be only a matter of time until another and still more colossal struggle would take place.

When it became operative, the League of Nations further realized that, if disarmament was to be brought about, armies and navies reduced, and the huge drain on mankind for warlike purposes ended, the real causes of war must be removed, suspicions lulled, and a true understanding developed among all people. In other words, that a proper spirit of international goodwill must replace the existing narrow and blatant nationalism rampant everywhere.

The League, therefore, set up the International Labor Office, with the object of improving the lot of workers in all countries, and to raise the standard of living of the masses of the people everywhere, realizing that, if people are contented and happy, and living under a fairly high standard, they will not be suspicious or jealous of others, nor quite so ready to plunge into war to better their own condition.

In like manner, the League has devoted its attention to many causes of sorrow and unrest in the world, and it is persistently seeking improvement in all departments of the world's work and methods of living.

It is because of many really great achievements in these directions, coupled with the horrors of the last war, that the minds of all people are today more open to receive and support plans for disarmament, and that, with the passing of the years, the prospects for permanent world peace become brighter.

World statesmen are now convinced that the greatest danger to the world peace is to be found in the realm of economics, in the rivalries of nations in the field of trade and commerce. This is the age of big business, the age of mechanics, mass production, and of endeavour to sell the surplus products of one nation to the markets of other nations. While this has been more or less true of all ages, and wars have been waged in order to seize territory with a view to later commercial exploitation or development, today the urge to secure new and larger markets is the strongest ally of those who clamor for large armies and huge navies.

Premier Briand's proposal for a United States of Europe is economic rather than political. We venture to say it is not aimed at Great Britain, or the United States of America, but is designed to remove the multitude of restrictions which prevail all over Europe, isolating one nation from another, and doing economic hurt to all of them.

So, too, the Franco-British proposal for a two-year tariff holiday during which all nations would agree not to raise their tariffs, and meanwhile participate in a sincere international conference to determine ways and means whereby, without sacrificing the interests of any one country, a larger measure of freedom in trade and commerce, and intercourse generally, could be devised.

The world is coming to realize and fully understand that trade barriers are now the most prolific cause of misunderstanding between nations, and the cause of more friction and heart-burning than anything else. Even Canada and the United States, which live side by side in such mutual understanding and goodwill, are more frequently disturbed over tariffs than any other one thing, or all other things put together.

The ideal condition of world free trade may be an impossible dream for some generations to come, but surely much of the present friction can be removed, and the world begin to trace the path that leads to the ultimately desired goal.

### Accelerated Schedules Feature C.P.R. Fall, Winter Time Table

New Schedules To Be In Effect  
Sunday, September 29th

The fall and winter time table of the Canadian Pacific Railway which will go into effect over the system on the last Sunday of September, features many important changes in passenger train service, among

### FARMER'S WIFE GETS STRENGTH

By Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Wilton, Ont.—"I am taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound through the change of life. It helps me, and I cannot praise it too highly. I was troubled with heat flashes and my limbs were heavy so I could hardly walk to do my farm work. I saw in the newspapers your ad about the Vegetable Compound and thought to give it a trial. The first bottle gave me relief and I have told others what it does for me. I am willing for you to use my letter if you choose."—Miss D. B. Peters, Wilton, Ontario.

Ask Your Neighbor

which is the speeding up of trans-continental trains, saving the coast traveller a matter of ten hours. These improved schedules are in line with the Company's policy of keeping abreast of the times and providing the best possible service to its patrons. The Company's ticket agents are now in possession of complete information, which is available to the public upon application.

### Sheep Ranching Expanding Industry Is Showing Promising Development In British Columbia

The sheep industry from a ranching point of view shows signs of development in Western Canada, particularly in British Columbia, states the Department of Agriculture. Last fall upwards of 10,000 head of ewe stock were bought in Alberta and shipped to the interior points of British Columbia. In 1928, the demand for range ewes exceeded the supply and the demand promises to be equally as good this year.

Visitors to the home of Charles Darwin, in Kent, England, may now see the chair and writing board at which Darwin worked while writing his famous theory of evolution.

The chrysanthemum was introduced into England from China about 1790.

W. N. U. 1804

### A Real Necessity

"Don't Get Excited" Club Would Be a Boon To World

There are clubs and societies for every conceivable purpose under the sun, yet one of the most obvious needs of Americans today is left entirely uncovered. What we need is a don't get excited club whose object shall be to keep people from coming to the boiling point when it isn't necessary.

The trouble with most of us we get too excited over little things and not excited enough over the big ones. Agitation, loss of temper and surrender of self-command over the trivial annoyances of life are a sheer waste of time and energy. In most human affairs more can be accomplished through poise and placidity than through effervescence and seismic phenomena.

If a don't-get-excited club could be so organized as to conserve all the human voltage that now goes to waste through needless excitement it would mean that mankind had reached the suburbs of a new era.

### RHEUMATIC PEOPLE CAN OBTAIN RELIEF

By Enriching Their Blood With  
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

Rheumatism is a disorder of the blood. It attacks people when the blood is thin and impure, thus setting up inflammation of the muscles and joints. Wet or cold weather may start the pains of rheumatism, but is not the cause. The cause is in the blood. Hot applications or rubbing with liniments may ease the pain, but do not reach the cause and the pains are soon back again. To get rid of this most painful trouble you must treat it through the blood and for this purpose nothing else can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which from first does to last actually make new, rich blood, thus driving the rheumatic poisons from the system. Mr. Henry E. Amiro, Lower East Pueblo, N.M., tells what these pills did for him. He says:—"I had an attack of acute rheumatism so bad that I could not walk a hundred yards without so much suffering that I would feel faint. I could not do the least work, and my movement caused great pain. I was under the care of a doctor but did not improve. Then reading of a similar case in a newspaper I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. By the time I had used three boxes, there was no doubt they were helping me. I took altogether about a dozen boxes when I was entirely relieved. The trouble had been with me four miles to my work, chop wood all day, and then walk home again. To anyone suffering from rheumatism I can strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail, at a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Greatest Wheat Exporters

Canada Stands At Top Of The List  
As Exporter Of Wheat

Canada stood first as an exporter of wheat during the 1927-28 crop year, with exports of 255,062,278 bushels. The United States came second with exports of 168,307,000; Argentina, third with 155,258,000; and Australia fourth, with 80,980,000 bushels. The report of the Bureau of Statistics also shows that for 1927-28 the world's wheat production was 4,815,400,000 bushels, of which Canada produced 479,665,000 bushels ranking third with Russia in the first place and the United States in the second.

When Asthma Comes do not despair. Turn at once to the help effective—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This wonderful remedy will give you the aid you need sorely. Choking ceases, breathing becomes natural and without effort. Others, thousands of them, have suffered as you suffer but have wisely turned to this famous remedy and ceased to suffer. Get a package this very day.

Bananas are banned in Italy because they do not grow in that country or in any of its colonies. This is protection carried out to the limit.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

People in the United States use up more than a million lead pencils each year.

### Tired Feet

Bathe with Minard's in warm water, rubbing into aching parts. Soothing and relieving.



### Mystery Of Steel Hardening

Steel Now Produced That Is Harder  
And More Ductile Than  
Damascus

Mystery and secrecy that for centuries shrouded the art of steel hardening in America, has almost entirely disappeared, according to W. H. Eisman, secretary of the American Society for Steel Treating.

The famous blades of Damascus, tempered, says legend, by being run through the body of a slave, hold no secrets for modern swordsmiths. Steel is produced now that is harder than Damascus and possibly more ductile.

Dr. W. S. Carnes, a metallurgist, of Canton, Ohio, has produced a sword with which he can shave, and yet so ductile that he can wind it several times around his arm. It is of carbon vanadium steel. As recently as 10 years ago, some of the processes of hardening steel were carried on in gloomy and secluded basements. The officiating smith, even wore a high silk hat, muffled about in calabres and made passes over the treating tank.

Potatoes played an important role. Half a spud was set adrift on the water. Where the potato came to rest was the best place to plunge the white-hot steel. During the war, a great stir was made when a group of steel treaters in Poughkeepsie, N.Y., could not obtain water from Sheffield, England. They thought this had given Sheffield steel its quality which steel treaters the world over had tried to imitate.

Today the process of steel hardening has become automatic with colored lights flashing the instant steel assumes the proper hardness.

A Corrector Of Pulmonary Troubles—Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in correcting disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bronchial tubes.

Had Been There  
"Travelled" said a sailor in a train to a passenger who had questioned him. "I should think I have. I've been all round the world; over an' under it, too. There ain't many ports I don't know the inside of."

"Why, you must know a lot about geography."

### Increase In Water Power

The mid-year review of water power progress issued by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, shows almost 200,000 h.p. added to the Dominion's total within the half year.

Many have been relieved of corns by Holloway's Corn Remover. It has a power of its own that will be found effective.

### Will Establish Sanatorium

The government of Manitoba has decided to devote the \$250,000 voted at the last legislature, to establishing a sanatorium for tuberculous children in Winnipeg.

### Stop Colds with Minard's Liniment.

Applies imported into England from Australia must in the future measure not less than two and one-quarter inches in diameter.

Hindu surgeons in early times used more than 100 different surgical instruments and performed difficult operations.

A penalty for failing to vote in elections is exacted in Czechoslovakia.

### Daring Stunt Flyers

"Four Musketeers Of The Air" Defy  
Death At Camp Borden

"Four Musketeers of the Air" is the title accorded a small group of Canadian aviators who are rapidly demonstrating to the world that while Canada's air force may not be the largest, it is very nearly, if not the best, at its own particular game. The Musketeers are Squadron Leader C. McEwen, M.C., Pilot Lieut. David A. Harding, famous rugby player, Pilot Officer E. McGowan, and Pilot Officer E. A. McGowan, all four being stationed at Camp Borden, and flying the Canadian army's Siskin pursuit 'planes.

At various exhibitions both here and in the United States, the Musketeers have thrilled thousands with their antics. At Cleveland, Ohio, recently, they stole the thunder from many more famous fliers who had performed there, and their performances were regarded as one of the most remarkable ever seen in the United States.

Camp Borden features individual stunting at the finishing part of a novice flyer's education. It is a means of obtaining perfection in the control of an aeroplane, and while formation flying is also taught and practiced, the individual practice of putting an aeroplane through the paces is more strongly endorsed. One of the Musketeers' favorite stunts is a very spectacular one. The 'planes, starting in formation at around 3,000 feet, suddenly nose down—

At terrific speed, with motors wide open, they spread out, fan-shaped, and suddenly zoom up. At the peak of the climb, with the motors nearly stopped, the 'planes gradually fall over backwards and fly for some distance upside-down.

### Postal Revenue

Now On a Level With What It Was  
Three Years Ago When Letter  
Rate Was 3 Cents

Postal revenue is now on a level with what it was three years ago despite the return to the 2 cent letter rate (in Canada, the United States and Mexico) in 1926, and that within the Empire on Christmas day, 1928. For the fiscal year ended March 31st, 1929, the revenue was \$31,025,000, and for the fiscal year ended March last, \$31,170,000.

A census is to be taken in more than 200 countries and colonies next year.

Rubber can be obtained from more than 300 varieties of tropical trees.



NEVER wait to see if a headache will "wear off." Why suffer when there's always Aspirin? The millions of men and women who use it in increasing quantities every year prove that it does relieve such pain. The medical profession pronounces it without effect on the heart, so use it as often as it can spare you any pain. Every drugist always has genuine Aspirin tablets for the prompt relief of a headache, cold, neuralgia, lumbago, etc. Familiarize yourself with the proven directions in every package.



### Diamonds From Sugar

Scientist Produces Sparkler That  
Was Made In Laboratory

Predictions that "large and beautiful real diamonds can be made by man, was made to the American Chemical Society, at Minneapolis, by Professor J. Willard Hershey, of McPherson College, McPherson, Kansas. He laid on a glass slide a tiny crystal, the size of a grain of sand. He said it was a real diamond, produced in his laboratory at McPherson. It was made from ordinary pure table sugar subjected to pressure estimated at ten tons to the square inch.



### All These Advantages For Farm Construction

For both old and new construction Gyproc gives more advantages than any other material. Makes durable, permanent walls and ceilings in less time and at less cost. Cannot warp, crack, shrink or burn, and is ideal for lining houses, garages, poultry houses, barns, grain bins and all other farm buildings.

CANADA GYPROC AND ALABASTINE, LIMITED  
Head Office: Paris, Canada  
Branches: Montreal, Toronto, Windsor, Winnipeg, Vancouver





# Migration of British Juveniles For Farms in Canada is One of Promising Features of Immigration

The migration of British juveniles for farms in Canada, is one of the most promising features of the immigration situation at the present time," stated R. M. Pym, superintendent in Britain of juvenile immigration for the Colonization Department of the Canadian National Railways, who arrived in Montreal on the White Star liner, "Laurentic," for the annual conference of National Railway Colonization department officials.

Mr. Pym arrived with the final party of British juveniles for the season, numbering some 83 boys, and commenting on the amazing development of juvenile immigration from the British Isles, "Mr. Pym stated that altogether this season a total of 1,180 boys had been brought out under the auspices of the Canadian National Railways. This was an increase of 134 per cent. over the season of 1928, and when it was considered that 1928 season showed an increase of 84 per cent. over 1927, it could be realized to what a great extent juvenile immigration had become a factor in the general situation.

More than 1,000 of the boys coming forward this year, were placed by the British Immigration and Colonization Association, of Montreal, on farms throughout Ontario. The balance have been placed by other organizations in both eastern and western Canada. "About 97 per cent. of these boys have definitely made good," said Mr. Pym. "Something like one half per cent. have had to be deported, while the remaining small percentage might be said to be still on the fence, with respect to their desire to stay in this country."

Generally speaking, the boys come from good middleclass families and many of them are fairly well educated, bright and enterprising and eager to make a career for themselves in the new country.

"One of our greatest difficulties, in juvenile immigration work," said Mr. Pym, "has been the prevalence of the old idea, still persisting in the Old Country, that boys and young men were sent to colonies only as a last resort, if they were wayward or criminally inclined. It is surprising to what extent that idea still persists, and it is only gradually that we are replacing this with the true idea that Canada is a wonderful land of opportunity, and that British boys and Britishers in general are welcome here and that in this country they may build for themselves a future not possible in the old world."

"The juveniles movement has become very popular and the prospects for next season are exceedingly promising," stated Mr. Pym.

## Sheep and Lamb Fair

Manitoba Sheep Breeders To Hold Annual Show At Brandon

Preparing for this year for a sheep and lamb fair this autumn that will be even larger than a year ago, the directors of the Manitoba Sheep Breeders' Association have fixed October 30 and 31 for the annual show. As usual, the fair is to be held in the Winter Fair Arena, at Brandon, and on a scale that will attract wide attention. A year ago there were 600 lambs entered in the show which is fast reaching record proportions, and the directors anticipate a larger entry this year because of more favorable conditions. The recent movement in the province to place sheep on Manitoba farms is expected to lend considerable interest to the Brandon show.

It is stated that women barbers are driving many men out of the business. He clips, she clips, eclipses.

In a few years malaria has reduced the population of the town of Birnagar from 80,000 to 2,300.



"My wife examined my pockets last night."  
"What did she find?"  
"What all explorers find—material for a lecture."—Gutierrez, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1804

## Illustration Stations Supply Grain Seed

Becoming Very Valuable As Distributors Of Better Quality Of Seed

Marquis holds a leading position in the varieties of wheat grown in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta. According to the chief supervisor of the Federal Illustration Stations, more than seventy-five per cent. of the sales of seed wheat made by the illustration stations last year were of the Marquis variety. In his report for last year, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, Marquis was named in demand in the northern districts of all three provinces. Of the oat varieties Banner and Victory in all the provinces found preference excepting in Northern Ontario, Northern Quebec, and sections of the Maritime Provinces subject to the early frost, where the Alaska variety has proved a very desirable one. Of the barley varieties O.A.C. No. 21, Trebil, and Charlottetown, No. 80, have done well on the illustration stations. The choice of the variety, however, depends largely on the soil and climatic conditions of the district. Trebil having done particularly well on the Manitoba stations. From the crops of the past year grown on illustration stations, 40,072 bushels of seed grain, 7,999 bushels of seed potatoes, and 18,061 pounds of grass and clover seed were sold. The illustration stations, using as they do, only the choicest varieties of farm crops, are becoming very valuable distributors of the better varieties of grain, potatoes, and grass seeds.



## YOUTHFUL COTTON PRINT

All the smart young folk are making their morning and sports frocks of cotton fabrics, because they are so easily made, and the cost a mere trifle. Take the model illustrated in red and white printed plique via vivid plain red bias binding emphasizing scalloped outline of side closing bodice, and edge of kimono sleeves. Why it is made in less than two hours! Only a few seams to join! Style No. 655 comes in sizes 14, 16, 18 and 20 years. Made in plain white plique for tennis, it will appear quite different. Peach shantung, gingham check in orchid and white, yellow sportswear linen, orange silk crepe, capucine tones in printed lawn, voile in pink check in green and white, and white angora wool jersey are stunning ideas. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (check in pre-paid). Wrap coin pattern.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

## Science In The Dairy

Milk Can Be Cooled and Pasteurized In Same Tank

It is now possible for milk to make the entire journey from cow to consumer without contact with the air until opened for use. Grandpa wouldn't have believed it, and if he had, he would have said it was silly. In his days cows were milked in an open bucket, by hand, while flies, dust and millions of bacteria swarmed over the pail. It was grandpa's idea that thunder made milk sour, and as far as he was concerned, or even interested, the bacterial count per cubic centimeter was a lot of appearence.

A modern generation thinks differently and barnyard milking has given place to dairy science. Now comes R. R. Graves, who is in charge of dairy cattle feeding, breeding and management of investigations for the bureau of dairy industry, United States Department of Agriculture, with an idea that may set a new pinnacle of dairy sanitation.

Installed on the Beltsville, Md., experimental farm, his method consists of overhead sanitary pipelines that carry milk direct from the cow to the large vacuum tanks in the dairy house. It can be cooled as it enters the tank, or it can be pasteurized and then cooled in the same tank. It is possible, he says, to go a step further and bottle the milk under vacuum, using the principles now commonly employed in canning fruit and vegetables.

The system consists of a mechanical milking unit of standard make, but instead of going into the usual portable receptacle, the milk is drawn into a stationary container located between two stalls and somewhat above the cows. The receptacle is of unbreakable glass and is suspended from a weighing mechanism. Its transparency makes the rate of milking visible to the operator at all times, both by the amount of milk in the receptacle and by the weight registered by the scale. When the milk ceases to flow into the receptacle, the operator records the weight of the milking and opens a valve which permits the milk to be drawn from the bottom of the container through the pipelines.

Tests of the bacteria content of milk produced under the new system, show that after pasteurization and cooling, the average count for four days was only fifty-five per cubic centimeter. The system not only gives a cleaner product, Graves says, but reduces the labor and the costs incident to milking.

## He Did Not Wait

A railway bridge had been destroyed by fire, and it was necessary to replace it. The bridge engineer and his staff were ordered in haste to the place. Two days later came the superintendent of the division.

Alighting from his private car, he encountered an old master bridge builder.

"Bill," said the superintendent anxiously, "I want this job rushed. Every hour's delay costs the company money. Have you got the engineer's plan for the new bridge?"

"I don't know," said the bridge builder, "whether the engineer has the picture drawn yet or not, but the bridge is up and the trains are passing over it."

Seals found along the coast of Labrador are hunted, not for their fur, but for leather and fat.

## PROMOTED



H. C. P. CRESSWELL

Superintendent, Department of Colonization and Development, Canadian Pacific Railway, Montreal, who has been appointed Assistant European Colonization Manager of the Department with headquarters at London, England.

## The Combine Harvester

No Reason Why Combine Cut Grain Should Not Grade As High As Grain Cut By Binder

About 600 cars of average grain crop may be harvested in a season by the modern combine reaper-thresher having a width of cut of 15 or 16 feet. On the same basis a machine cutting a 100 foot swath would handle about 400 acres. These figures have been arrived at in seven years' experience with the combine reaper-thresher at the Swift Current, Saskatchewan, experimental station.

The results of this experience with work done not only on the station, but on many farms throughout the province, are presented in Bulletin No. 118, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa. Most of the combines included in this study threshed the wheat as it was cut, while others were equipped with a windrow reaper and pickup. In using the combine it is shown that caution must be observed in the date of commencing its use and proper recognition must be taken of the effect of even light showers, dews, and white frosts on standing grain. When all these precautions are intelligently observed, the officials of the stations, who have been studying the question, feel that there is no good reason why combine cut grain should grade lower than grain harvested grain. Practically all cases of toughness and dampness arising from the use of the combine are believed to be due either to a too early start, or to harvesting early in the day following a night of dew or white frost.

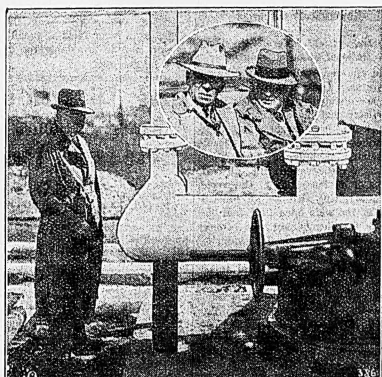
## Women Explorers

Three young women, Baroness Christa von Bradenstein, Miss Nedra de Namur, and Miss Margaret d'Angelo, recently set out from New York to explore Alaska, the Gobi Desert, and the wilds of Australia. Loaded in the back of their car they had a tent, three army cots, a motion picture camera, an ordinary camera, a typewriter, a camp stove, and a German shepherd dog.

Mrs. Soap: My husband has left me. He ran away with our maid.  
Mrs. Sudds: How terrible! Isn't it?  
It is so hard to find servants now.

There are 7,000 miles of water-mains in London.

## Winston in the West



Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill who is touring Canada over Canadian Pacific lines, inspected oil developments in Alberta and is here seen looking at the three covered pipes that convey the oil from the Home Wells, in the Turner Valley to the separators. He was accompanied by his brother, Major Churchill, and his son Rudolph. Inset shows, Mayor Osborne, of Calgary, and Mr. Churchill leaving for the oil fields.

# Various Live Stock Organizations Are Being Called Upon For Increased and Better Production

## Value Of Research Work

Once Destructive Agent Now Used As A Fertilizer

The feat of making two blades of grass grow where one grew before has been excelled by researches conducted at the smelter, at Trail, B.C. Hitherto the sulphur dioxide fumes, highly destructive of vegetation, have made the districts about such works a wilderness. Lawns were the only productive crops on the farms roundabout, and the company had to pay large sums in damages to the farmers. Similar trouble was experienced in the neighborhood of the nickel smelters in the Sudbury district.

Chemists were put to work to find a remedy. They have not only done this, but have discovered an unexpected value in the baleful fumes. A process has been evolved whereby what was once a destructive agent can be utilized in the manufacture of a fertilizer for which there is said to be an unlimited market on the prairies.

The announcement of the discovery includes a statement that a plant to cost seven or eight million dollars, will be built at Trail for the manufacture of this chemical fertilizer. It will call for large additional electrical developments, so that business generally will be stimulated.

The incident illustrates the far-reaching value of chemical research. It indicates the expenditures which Ontario and the Dominion have undertaken in this direction.—Toronto Telegram.

## Portable Hog Cabins

Small, Movable Cabins Will Be Found Of Great Advantage

While a substantial hog pen is necessary on a farm where pigs are raised to any extent, it is of great advantage to make use of small movable cabins, particularly for housing brood sows under winter conditions or under summer conditions when on pasture. The small cabins are also useful as a shelter for growing pigs in summer when on dry lots or pasture. The Dominion Animal Husbandman, in his report for 1928, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, recommends a cabin with a floor area of fifty square feet. A cabin of this size will comfortably house five adult brood sows when fed outside and given the run of the yard. Such a structure has been found at the experimental station to be inexpensive and in many instances may be constructed from material which is found on the farm. The A-shaped cabin popular some years ago, has lost favour at the experimental farms, as the sloping roof is apt to be broken away by the hogs when crowding inside. The walls should be perpendicular for three or four feet with a rigid roof above.

## Flour Exports

Greatest Volume Of Flour From Canada Last Year Went To China

Canada shipped wheat flour directly to 82 countries during the last crop year, ending July 31st, and wheat to 34 countries. A return of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics covering this period showed exports of wheat to all destinations at 354,424,699 bushels, and of wheat flour at 11,808,775 barrels. The greatest volume of flour exported from Canada in the last crop year went to China, with the United Kingdom second, and Germany third. Shipments to China amounted to 3,040,667 barrels; those to the United Kingdom 2,637,567 barrels and to Germany 1,097,289 barrels.

## Scrapping Old Ideas

New factory methods, new selling methods, new ideas, new machinery—these are vital requisites for the post-war era. In a new trade you get them more easily than in an old one. That is why cotton pines and artificial silk flourishes. It is not by lock-outs that Lancashire can hope to succeed, but by clean-outs—of old ideas, old methods, old machinery, old salesmanship, and above all, dead capital. The North can flourish again—on right lines.—London Daily Chronicle.

In Australia there are at least 20 species of animals that are aviators—flying squirrels, flying possums, flying mice and even flying bears.

Chronic borrowers are more or less touchy.

Every exhibition and various live stock organizations receiving federal government aid are being called upon to boost for increased and better production. Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, sounded that note at the National Exhibition in Toronto, and it will be repeated from one end of Canada to the other.

The Department of Agriculture is convinced that Canadians have mighty appetites, and as a result, they are eating much of the produce that used to go for export. In the face of an increase of 148,000,000 dozen eggs per annum last year, over the total of 1920, Canada consumed so many that there was scarcely enough left for export to balance the eggs imported during the winter months. Accordingly Canada is now practically off the map as an egg exporting country. Canadians per capita have considerably less than any other people in the world in the consumption of eggs.

The situation with regard to butter is practically the same. It is claimed that in proportion to its population, Canada beats the rest of the world in the amount of butter it uses. So in spite of a steady increase in production there is no butter to export. Poultry and lamb are also in the class of products which Canada grows great quantities and now consumes all.

Canada's exports of bacon are falling off at the rate of about 20,000,000 pounds a year. If it keeps up in two years she will be off the export market although the hog population is greater than it was ten years ago.

The Department of Agriculture is accordingly trying to set-up production in the above commodities. It is urged that this is a time of big production in every other line of activity. Farmers and their families want more than they used to, expect in the way of luxuries, and the farmer to pay for these must produce on a greater scale than when his wants were less pretentious.

Many reasons are given for the increase in food consumption by the people of this country. It is claimed to be increasing faster than the growth in population. The great influx of United States tourists is given as one reason. Another is the development of outside or semi-outside occupations such as the paper mills and the mining industry, where workmen as a rule eat more than at inside jobs. Then Canadians are a busy people and busy people, Mr. Motherwell said in an interview recently, eat more than loafers.

## Importation Prohibited

Ban Is Placed On Cattle From Scotland, Owing To Outbreak Of Foot and Mouth Disease

A ministerial order signed by J. H. Grisdale, Federal Deputy Minister of Agriculture, cancels all permits for the importation of cattle, sheep, goats and other ruminants and swine from Scotland to Canada. The only exceptions to this order are those already embarked on vessels en route to the Dominion. The order is under the provisions of the Contagious Diseases Act, and is made on account of an outbreak in Lanarkshire, Scotland, of foot and mouth disease. Similar restrictions are in effect regarding shipments of these animals from England.

Winnipeg Grain Exchange Membership in the Winnipeg Grain Exchange has been raised to \$50,000. A resolution that the cost of membership be raised to this figure was carried unanimously at a meeting of the Grain Exchange on August 27th. The last membership was sold for \$28,700.

"When we were first married you were only too glad to wipe the dishes."  
"I know, but that was when we only had two dishes."



Old Maid: "To think of so many million youths saying 'Yes,' and one would be enough for me."—Il Travoso, Rome.

## Zam-Buk

Is Unequaled For  
**ECZEMA-ULCERS**  
CHILBLAINS-COLD SORES  
**CUTS-BURNS-SCALDS**  
**RINGWORM-PILES**  
ASSESSES POISONED WOUNDS

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

New Zealand will appoint a trade representative in Canada. It has been announced. Growing commerce between the two countries is given as the reason.

The monoplane Bremen, first to cross the North Atlantic from east to west, is to be placed on permanent exhibition at the Museum of Peaceful Arts, in New York.

A young peach tree bearing a fruit, half of which was a peach, and the other half a nectarine, was exhibited at the recent show of the Royal Horticultural Society in London, England.

Exports of Canadian wheat during the month of August totalled 10,156,266 bushels with a valuation of \$14,397,493, according to returns compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The R-100, British dirigible now under construction at Cardington, England, which was expected to make a trans-Atlantic flight to Montreal this fall, will not do so until next May, according to officials of the Department of National Defence.

Hon. Dr. Robert George Brett, pioneer medical practitioner in Alberta and one of the most outstanding public men in the province, died recently in Calgary, at the age of 78, after an illness extending over several weeks.

Lord Ypres, son of the late Field Marshal, plans to leave for the United States shortly to exhibit his paintings. Lord Ypres paints his pictures in a studio built in the garden of his home, Ivy House, built during the reign of William III.

Premier Mackenzie King proposes to make a trip, probably to the Pacific Coast, starting about the end of October. It will be a somewhat hurried trip, the prime minister said, but he will make "a number of speeches, some of them, in all probability, on the way out to the west."

## French Bakers Celebrate

Commemorated Four Hundredth Birthday Of the Doughnut.

This generation has an evident fondness for anniversaries. People like them, and seek causes for holding them. Therefore, no person can object when French bakers decide to commemorate the 400th birthday of the doughnut.

The first example of the famous confection was made in Paris in 1529. Some time later it got passage over the Channel into England, and from there made its way with household effects and other ideas to this continent.

The first doughnut, we read in the Christian Science Monitor, was shaped like a crescent. That is, of course, interesting, but is of comparatively little importance. The real thrill will come with the name of the genius who first took a hoe and molded the doughnut round the vacant space.

## Promoting Trade Welfare

Six Apprentice Grocers From Great Britain Now Touring Canada.

So that they may know better the Canadian goods they will hand over the counters in their shops in England, and to promote the welfare of trade between the mother country and the Dominion, six apprentice grocers from Great Britain are now touring Canada, under the auspices of the Department of Trade and Commerce, with the co-operation of the Canadian National Railways. They were selected for the tour by an essay competition conducted by the British Institute of Certified Grocers for the Department of Trade and Commerce.

**Corns**  
Relief in one minute  
all Pain Vanishes!

**PUTNAM'S**  
Corn Extractor

W. N. U. 1804

## Clue To Unsolved Mystery

McMillan Expedition Finds Traces Of Frobenius Party, Lost In 1576

A clue to an unsolved mystery of nearly 400 years' standing—the fate of five men left on Kadimurn Island by Sir Martin Frobenius in 1576—is reported by Donald B. Macmillan, on his return here from over two months' exploration voyage to Duffin Land.

On an island on Countess Warwick Sound, the famous explorer discovered an ancient stone house which the Eskimos said was the work of white men. Inside were the bones of a bear and other evidence that it had been used as a shelter. The age of the moss and other particulars pointed to the dwelling being contemporary with Frobenius.

Kadimurn was also visited and there the party found, in a very fair state of preservation, the house built by Frobenius in Queen Elizabeth's day. Digging in the earth floor, they discovered some pottery and other relics belonging to that period; also traces of the shipwreck down which the intrepid explorers launched the boats they built after their ships were crushed in by ice.

It was hitherto supposed that the five men left behind by Frobenius on one of his three voyages made attempts to build a fort to protect the supposed gold mines and had been killed by Eskimos. Careful enquiry among the natives reveals a tradition that the white men were not slain, but built a big boat and set out on their perilous return to England.

The relics now found by Macmillan indicate that they had proceeded only about fifty miles when their frail craft was crushed by icebergs, and one or more escaped ashore and built the shelter in Countess Warwick Sound.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union



## UNUSUALLY LOVELY

A charming tub silk in gray print in red and white coloring, so important for summer wardrobe. Its practicality and sportive curves one through an entire day. It can be worn to town for shopping, or to the office, and then to luncheon engagement at any fashionable restaurant. It is suitable for Country Club, for the beach or week-end party. Style No. 563 with its gracious flaring skirt with soft gathered fullness creating a cascading draped effect at side, and slightly bloused surplus closing bodies, is most fascinating, made of flowered chiffon for attractiveness. Printed cotton voile, printed lawn, sheer pastel linen, printed rayon and georgette crepe, other attractive fabrics. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

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Name .....

Town .....

## The Ideal Summer Meal



Save the coupons in the carton Write for Cook Book and Premium List Connors Bros. Ltd., Black's Harbor, N. B.

## Three Year Old

## Makes Long Journey

Little Boy Travels Alone From Liverpool To The Pas, Man.

Albert Pilkington, aged three years, stepped off the Continental Limited in Winnipeg recently, clutching in one hand a ticket that was taller than Albert by many inches, and in the other "Bosco," a mechanical doll, who had accompanied him all the way from Liverpool. Albert, or Bert, as he insists on being called, was en route to The Pas, where his father sent him to be looked after by an aunt upon the death of his mother.

He sailed on the S.S. Regina, in charge of the captain of that ship, and at Montreal was turned over to the care of George Cogran, Canadian National Railways conductor, who looked after him on the journey from Montreal to Winnipeg. When the Continental Limited reached Winnipeg, Albert gravely climbed down from the train, shook hands with his friend the conductor, smiled for the photographers, and announced that he wanted an automobile ride. Bert was promptly accommodated, and when he boarded the train for The Pas, on the last leg of his journey, he gave his opinion that "Boats were very slow, and automobiles were even slower, but what Bert liked best of all was "riding on a train." This winter when Albert is in the North he will have the thrill of riding on a dog sled, but until that time the railways have a certain small and enthusiastic booster.

## Survey Of Dairy Industry

Data On Dairy Cows In Saskatchewan Soon To Be Available

Making Saskatchewan his headquarters in his survey of dairy industry for the province of Saskatchewan, Dr. George Misner, of the Department of Agricultural Economics, at Cornell University, announced that the actual taking of records will be completed about the end of this month. Figures will then be available on dairy cows on about 550 farms in Saskatchewan. Particular care has been taken to secure a fair average of the herds.

Dr. Misner has been furnished with a staff of assistants in the survey work by the Department of Agriculture, at Regina. Although figures as to the cost of producing and distributing milk in Saskatchewan will be ready soon, Dr. Misner does not think this will exhaust the usefulness of the data gathered. He expects the department will have further work when this is completed. The survey is financed from the surplus of the Canada Wheat Board of 1920, which was set aside for agriculture research.

Painless and perfect in their action, Miller's Worm Powders are always a safe and reliable remedy for children who show symptoms of worms. These symptoms are easily recognized in a feverish restlessness, frequently ending in convulsions. A point of notable importance is that after Miller's Worm Powders have expelled the worms, the stomach and bowels are toned up into a very healthy condition.

## Research Possibilities

By Dr. H. M. Torg, President National Research Council

No one can realize what may be before us. I saw a statement made by a distinguished professor of chemistry that if we could write down the formulae for all combinations of atoms possible for a molecule containing one hundred atoms, these formulae alone would fill all the pages of all the books in the world. He was giving that as an illustration of the wide open field that lies before the chemists of this country in developing its chemical industry. Fifty years ago, there was no such thing as a strictly chemical industry. Last year in Canada alone there were invested in chemical and allied industries \$750,000,000 which produced \$500,000,000 worth of products, while in the United States the corresponding production amounted to approximately \$7,000,000,000.

James Penmore Cooper could not write unless he was chewing gum drops, it is said.

Minard's Lintment—The King of Pains.

## DIRECTS PROPAGANDA



A. B. Halatoff, president of board directors of Soviet State Publishing Trust, who is largely responsible for Bolshevist propaganda in India and China.

## Women In Airplane Factories

Are More Adaptable At Finer Adjustments Than Men

Much of the most exacting work in the construction of an airplane is done by women workers. Builders have found that women are most adept at shaping and sewing the fabric covers of wings and making certain delicate adjustments on the wings and struts of airplanes. Also, they are often called upon to plan the decorations of the interiors of planes built on special orders.

Major Reuben H. Fleet, president of Fleet Aircraft, Inc., of Buffalo, has many women workers in his plant. "We find that women can do the complicated work of covering the wings and assembling ribs and fitting them more accurately and in less time than men," he said.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

## CARROT MARMALADE

12 raw carrots.  
4 cups sugar.  
3 Sunkist lemons.  
1 teaspoon ground cloves.  
1 teaspoon ground cinnamon.  
1 teaspoon ground allspice.  
Grate carrots, add sugar and let stand one hour. Add lemon juice and spices. Cook slowly for one hour. Turn into sterilized jars and seal when cold.

## SEEDLESS BLACKBERRY JAM

The seeds of blackberries are very objectionable to many, so it is well to get rid of them. Mash berries, cook in their own juice until thoroughly heated then remove seeds by pressing through a fine sieve. Measure pulp and liquid and allow one cup sugar for each pint. Add sugar to pulp and cook rapidly until thick, stirring frequently. Pack in clean, hot jars and seal.

## Natural Gas Exploitation

Exploitation of the district along the South Saskatchewan River, in the neighborhood of Riverhurst, with a view to ascertaining the possibilities of natural gas is to be undertaken on a more extensive scale within the next few weeks, it is reported.

## Served In Riel Rebellion

Captain H. O. Gray, 74, for years a crack rifle shot on teams representing Canada, died in a hospital at Ottawa. He was a member of the Ottawa sharpshooters during the Riel Rebellion in 1885. He was a member of the council of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association.

The man who feels a small job beneath him is invariably too small for a bigger one.

## Had Diarrhoea Bowels So Active Feared For His Life

Mrs. S. J. Jago, Canobie, N.B., writes:—"My little boy, when three years old, had a severe attack of diarrhoea. The bowels were so active, and he vomited so much, I feared for his life. I tried many medicines, but he was always getting worse. A friend told me of

and after the second dose I saw an improvement. I gave him almost a bottle and he was completely relieved. "I have used it for the other children, and my husband and myself. My husband gives it great praise, and when he goes away from home to work, he always takes a bottle with him." Put up with The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Only choice leaves grown at high altitudes go into the blending of Blue Ribbon Tea. That is why its flavor is so uniformly excellent. Insist upon getting it from your grocer—refuse substitutes of inferior quality.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 29

## SIGNIFICANCE OF THE EXILE AND THE RESTORATION

**Golden Text:** "The lovingkindness of Jehovah is from everlasting to everlasting upon them that fear Him, and His righteousness unto children's children."—Psalm 103:17.

Before the destruction of Jerusalem, the prophet Ezekiel went into exile with the first deportation, and five years afterwards he was called to the prophetic office. It was a severe arraignment of the people of Israel that he was told to make in the name of the Lord. Ezekiel lived up to his responsibility. Do we live up to ours? It is one thing to have convictions, but quite another thing to have the courage of convictions. A responsibility calls for a response. Not to respond to the responsibility that rightfully belongs to us is cowardly and base.

The captivity was God's training school, where the exiles were given an opportunity to lament their rebelliousness and recognize their dependence upon Him. Jeremiah had prophesied that after seventy years were accomplished, God would visit and perform His good word toward them, in causing them to return to their home. The first opportunity for return from exile came in the first year of Cyrus, King of Persia. Jehovah stirred up the spirit of his king to make a proclamation permitting any who wished to go back and build the house of Jehovah.

The chief desire of the returning exiles was to rebuild the temple and re-establish their ancient worship. It was a great day when the foundation of the temple was laid, vocal and instrumental music formed part of the celebration, and joy reigned supreme. But while there was joy in all hearts, conflicting emotions filled the hearts of the old men who had known the glorious temple of Solomon. They were weeping as well as rejoicing. Life has many such scenes, when the better angels of the soul are at war with the flesh. One of Tennyson's odes refers to a wedding as "the white funeral of single life." The foundation laying of the second temple in the midst of ruin and desolation was to the old men a "white funeral" of all the glories of the past.

## Juveniles To Compete

Boys' and Girls' Swine Clubs Membership Is Necessary

More than five thousand boys and girls on Canadian farms will be taking part in the annual swine club and calf breeding contests in the various provinces this year, for which the Canadian National Railways offer prizes and trophies. It was started recently by Dr. W. J. Black, Director of Colonization and Agriculture, of the National System. Through the stimulation of the assistance offered in this work by the railway company, in bringing the boys and girls together in annual competition, the work of the clubs has progressed rapidly, particularly with respect to calf clubs. There will be nearly 200 of these in operation this year, there being a 400 per cent. increase over last year.

## Barcelona Taxes Postage

Barcelona citizens have been subjected to various taxes to help defray the enormous expenses of the International Exposition. A letters posted in Barcelona must, in addition to the regular postage, bear an exhibition stamp of five centimos (about three-quarters of an American cent). A tax of 1000 centimos is levied for each long-distance call and each telegram originating there.

## Wheat Marketing On Protein Basis

Dr. Robert Newton, professor of field crops, of the University of Alberta, has been asked by the National Research Council, of Canada, to make investigation of the possible reception which would be given in Europe to a system of marketing wheat on a basis of protein content. The report will be prepared for the next session of Parliament.

Minard's Lintment—Used for 50 years.

## Huge Milk Shipment

Largest Consignment Of Its Kind Shipped From Aylmer To Western Canada

Seven hundred and fifty thousand casks working in high gear for one whole day could contribute just enough milk to make up a shipment which left Aylmer, Ont., on a special Canadian National Railways freight recently for the west. Product of an Aylmer Milk Evaporating Company, it was the largest shipment of its kind ever to leave any point in Canada, and made up a train consisting of 200 cars. There were 11,880 cases containing 700,000 cans and weighing 353 tons in the consignment which is destined to grace the tables of farm houses during coming season. It required 1,500,000 pounds of fresh milk to make up this shipment at the largest evaporated milk plant in Canada. The product has a value of \$65,000 and is pointed to as a sterling example of an extension of the dairying industry in Canada.

Although a small part of the shipment will reach the Pacific Coast, it is, in the biggest part, for consumption throughout the prairie provinces.

## Take Pride In Canada

Only Necessary To Travel the Length Of This Dominion To Stir Up Patriotism

Proud of being a Canadian before he took a recent trip to western Canada, Dr. C. B. Oliver, of Chatham, Ont., is even more proud of his nationality, since he has once more travelled through Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. The more he sees of the Dominion, the prouder he is of Canada. His patriotism needs no artificial stimulus. All he requires is to see his Canada. Every citizen of this Canadian nation has a perfect right to be proud of his country. The more a person travels in Canada, the more he appreciates the wealth of this land; and the more the Canadian travels in other countries, the more he realizes that in Canada he can find facts and opportunities to equal anywhere he sees elsewhere.—Border Cities Star.

It Has Many Qualities.—The man who possesses a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is armed against many ills. It will relieve a cough, break a cold, prevent a fever, it will reduce the swelling from a sprain, relieve the most persistent sores and will speedily heal cuts and "contusions." It is a medicine chest in itself.

Married women in Dallas, Texas, are not permitted to hold positions outside their homes, unless there are "especially mitigating circumstances."

It is estimated that about six or seven persons out of every million are struck by lightning.



Just place a glass or cup over the opened tin and the contents will keep perfectly. Eagle Brand is the leading baby food since 1857.

**FREE BABY BOOKS**  
Write The Borden Co., Limited, Montreal, P.Q. 46, for Baby Welfare Books.

**EAGLE BRAND**  
CONDENSED MILK.



## NO PLEBISCITE FOR ONTARIO SAYS FERGUSON

Toronto.—Launching the first canonade of his political campaign, Premier G. Howard Ferguson announced before a monster gathering here that there would be no plebiscite under his administration on the Ontario liquor control act.

"There will be no plebiscite so long as the Conservative party is in power," Premier Ferguson exclaimed, "and I happen to be the head of the government. We are quite prepared always to submit our record to the public to have it criticized and discussed, and we must be prepared to accept our responsibility."

He went on to say the government does not say the legislation is perfect. Time and experience are going to demonstrate its weakness. The Ontario liquor control act was admitted to be probably the best in the Dominion. It was administered by a very capable board.

"Let us try to improve any defects in the act as we along so that any evils which may exist may be eliminated," Premier Ferguson declared.

"If I opposed in principle to plebiscites," the premier stated, "they are contrary to the principle of responsible government. A plebiscite is a refuge behind which a government may hide from responsibility."

Premier Ferguson had caustic references for W. E. N. Sinclair, Liberal leader, on the liquor question.

"I see," the Ontario premier declared, "Mr. Sinclair is a bit wobbly in his effort to follow the path of prohibition. I am not quite sure where he is or where he will land in that respect. It appears to me the position he has taken is that the people have approved of the legislation; but Mr. Sinclair does not want the Ferguson Government to administer it. He now says the Ferguson Government should not administer it and to let those administer it who did not believe in it."

### Wireless Service Soon

London, Eng.—Beam wireless service direct from England to Australia will be available to the public in the course of a few weeks. This is a new service on which the British post office has been engaged for many months and experimental tests have reached the final stage. Individual messages already have been successfully transmitted in a prolonged series of trials.

### Employment On Increase

Ottawa.—Employment in Canada at the beginning of August showed a further marked increase, according to statements tabulated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics from 6,840 firms whose payrolls aggregated 1,097,812 persons as compared with 1,070,817 persons on July 31st. The record is unusually good for this time of the year and the index number at 127.8 is a record for all time.

### Income Tax Collections

Ottawa.—Income tax collections are mounting. In the five months ending August 31, collections totaled \$80,392,142, an increase of \$9,311,918 over the same period in 1928. In August alone, according to the National Revenue Department's figures, collections were \$550,427, as against \$822,100 in August of last year.

### Will Represent Japan

Tokio.—Japan's first step in the new movement for naval disarmament was announced recently, when the navy ministry ordered Commander Tamao Yamaguchi, of the naval general staff, to proceed to Washington, to join the Japanese embassy staff there, preparatory to the proposed conference for naval limitation.

### Earthquake Recorded

Saskatoon, Sask.—The seismograph at the University of Saskatchewan, here, recorded a severe earthquake shock Sept. 17th. It was the most severe registered here in many months. The location of the earthquake could not be determined until compared with records from other points.

### Army and Navy Veterans

Quebec.—The annual convention of the Army and Navy Veterans Association, opened here with more than one hundred delegates from various parts of Canada in attendance. Brig.-Gen. Hon. W. A. Griessbach, of Edmonton, Alta., presided.

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## For Compulsory Pool

Aaron Sapir In Favor Of Marketing System Without Limitation

Estevan, Sask.—"I am for co-operative marketing without reservation and without limitation, but above all I am for control of the commodity that the farmers raise by the farmers who raise it, and I am for the absolute elimination of even part of that control by those who have a financial interest in breaking down your great pools. I am for co-operation as a means to an end, that your own wheat by the farmers who end being the absolute control of raise it in whatever technical method they think is the best method of control."

Before 700 farmers of the districts tributary to the town of Estevan, Aaron Sapir, American's most famous co-operative farming advocate, gave expression to these sentiments when, under the auspices of the local lodge of the Saskatchewan section of the United Farmers of Canada, he opened the first gun in the campaign now being started in favor of a system of one hundred per cent. pool by legislation.

Without equivocation of any kind, Mr. Sapir announced himself as being wholly in favor of one hundred per cent. pool by way of legislation, and in the course of an hour's address gave reasons why such legislation should be sought, why the farmers of the province should market all their grain through a single control, and why those who are now outside the pool should be compelled by way of legislation to place their products through the single marketing organization.

Four questions were outlined by Mr. Sapir as the basis of his address: first, do the farmers generally understand what is meant by the term "one hundred per cent. pool"; second, why was he brought to the province to advocate the method; third, what objections are raised to it; fourth, why are the reasons for legislation greater than those against it.

## H.B. Line Now Ready

But Regular Trains Will Not Be In Operation Until Next Spring

The Pas, Man.—The Hudson Bay Railway is now in shape to allow regular trains to be run to Churchill with safety, it was learned here in official railway quarters.

The final two miles of ballasting of the "First Lift" were completed this week, paving the road in condition for regular traffic.

However, passenger trains will not be run to the Bay until the spring, according to a recent decision in Ottawa. Railway quarters deny the report published in the local press that the muskox train had completed its first run to Churchill. The train completed its run to Mile 412 as usual. When the train left here recently, it included the private cars of Major J. G. MacLachlan, district engineer, and D. R. Campbell, general superintendent of construction, western region. However, the business cars were taken from Mile 412 to the Bay on a work train. The two officials made an inspection of the Flin Flon and reported everything in order.

## Imperial Trade Conference

Movement Under Way To Formulate An Empire Trade Policy

London, Eng.—It is understood that attempts are being made to organize an Imperial commercial conference to be held prior to the meeting of premiers of the British Empire at the Imperial Conference in 1930.

It is proposed that each Dominion shall appoint a small delegation representative of the various interests, agriculture as well as business. The delegation will meet in London three months before the premiers and endeavor to hammer out an Empire trade policy which if agreed upon will be submitted to the premiers as a guide in their deliberations.

### Canada Will Sign

Ottawa. Canada will certainly sign the optional clause in the statutes of the world court of international justice, Premier Mackenzie King says. Mr. King was asked in regard to discussions which are going on at present in Geneva with respect to the signing of the clause by members of the British Empire.

### Leads Opera In Germany

Berlin.—Albert Coates, noted conductor, led Boris Godunov, at the State Opera, as the first Englishman to wield the baton at the Berlin Opera since Sullivan conducted the Mikado many years ago. Mr. Coates was warmly received by the German audience.

## Police Return Young

Doukhobors To Home

Children Made Escape From Institution At Vancouver

Vancouver.—Eight Doukhobor children, seven girls and a boy ranging in age from eight to 16 years, escaped from the children's aid home here, and set out to join their parents at Oukalla jail. In response to an alarm from the matron of the institution police located the youngsters and returned them to the home.

The children were brought here at the same time that more than 100 members of the Sops of Freedom, a sect of Doukhobors, were brought to jail here to serve six months sentences for taking part in a nude parade at South Sloca, B.C.

## Entertained By Royalty

Premier MacDonald and Daughter, Isabel Guest At Sandringham Castle

Sandringham, Eng.—King George and Ramsay MacDonald sat together in the drawing-room of Sandringham Castle tonight and talked about whatever it is that a monarch and premier discuss when the latter is on the eve of a historic journey to the United States.

The Prince of Wales looked in for a short time before leaving the castle. The premier and his daughter Isabel were house guests tonight of Their Majesties and will probably motor back to London tomorrow.

Mr. MacDonald also had a long interview with the King this afternoon while Miss Isabel was talking with Queen Mary.

## THOMAS PLEASED WITH HIS RECENT VISIT TO CANADA

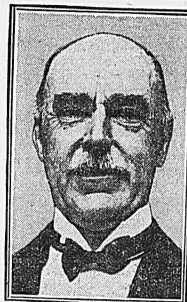
Liverpool, Eng.—"I am completely satisfied with the results of my visit," declared Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal and Minister of Employment, on his return from a visit to Canada. "I hope and I feel that it will contribute towards a solution of the unemployment problem of this country this winter."

"I promise to meet representatives of all business interests which can do business with Canada, so the necessary steps can be taken to give practical effect to my efforts. Canada will take coal and steel from Great Britain which she at present takes from other areas."

"I have not asked Canada to take from us things she produces herself, but I did ask something on account of Britain being the largest exporter of wheat from the Dominion," Mr. Thomas went on. "Canada," he declared, "admitted the force of what he put forward."

"Although, as I say, I shall meet the business organizations of the old country, I say once again, as I did when I took office—there can be no infallible unemployment remedy produced artificially. What we want for that are customers, and these I have done my best to secure," Mr. Thomas added.

## PROMINENT FINANCIER



Sir Robert Bothy, prominent financier, of London, England, who is making a tour of the Dominion with Alfred Shepherd, another British capitalist, with a view to looking over the various industrial and financial institutions here.

## Guiding Planes By Remote Radio Control

Aero Club Given Glimpse Into Future Of Air Transportation

Philadelphia.—Aeroplane speed of 416 miles an hour and planes navigated without a pilot aboard through the medium of remote control by radio were glimpses into the future given to members of the Aero Club of Pennsylvania, and the Rotary Club, by speakers at a joint meeting here. It was G. E. Toews, chief engineer of the Aeronautical Laboratories at the navy yard, who in a technical address discussed speed possibilities. A speed of 416 miles an hour is the maximum which can be delivered by any known present day machine, he said, "although British may have an engine up her sleeve" larger than any yet constructed.

Edward P. Howard, chief of the air regulations division of the United States Department of Commerce, disclosed that an application has recently been made for the licensing of a pilotless machine to be navigated by radio impulses.

## Marler Presents Credentials

New Canadian Minister To Japan Received By Emperor

Tokio.—Hon. H. M. Marler, new Canadian minister to Japan, presented his credentials to the Emperor Hirohito. Mr. Marler rode in an automobile of the Imperial household from his hotel to the palace. The ceremony was brief. The foreign minister and minister of the household were present. Japanese Minister Tokugawa also was given farewell audience by the Emperor, prior to his sailing for Canada on the "Empress of France."

### Prince Purchases Plane

London, Eng.—The Prince of Wales has bought a two-seated De Havilland Gipsy Moth aeroplane, paying \$3,500 for it. It is for his private use, and is equipped with dual control so he can take control himself during flights.



## Young Aristocrats Sail

Standing on each side of Captain J. N. Griffiths, skipper of Canadian Pacific steamship "Montclare," the Hon. John and the Hon. George Rodney, aged 9 and 10 respectively, had just made the 2,000-mile trip from their father's ranch at Port Saskatchewan, Alberta, unaccompanied across Canada under the care of Canadian Pacific Railway officials. They are on their way to school in England. The elder is eventually destined for Elton, and the younger will enter the navy via training ship at Dartmouth. Their father is the descendant of the famous British Admiral who won the great sea fight at Cape St. Vincent in 1780.

## British Premier May Call Power Conference

Report Says Invitations Likely To Be Issued Shortly

Washington.—Invitations to the five-power naval conference proposed to be held late in January will be issued by Premier Ramsay MacDonald in the near future, but the exact time remains to be determined.

This was learned here authoritatively recently, and with it came the further information that there would be no joint invitations on behalf of Great Britain and the United States as has been suggested in some quarters. Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson, said published despatches emanating from London, that Premier Ramsay MacDonald already had sent invitations through the British embassies at Tokio, Paris and Rome, were without authorization and entirely inaccurate.

The invitations from the British government will go to the United States, Japan, France and Italy, with all five expected to participate in the conference which it is now proposed shall be held in the British capital.

Considerable preparatory work must be done before the invitations are sent forward through the British embassies. It may be that action would be deferred until after Premier MacDonald has held his conferences with President Hoover, in Washington, early in October, on points still in controversy between the United States and Great Britain on the cruiser question.

## Making Trip To West

Premier King To Make Short Visit In October

Ottawa.—Premier Mackenzie King proposes to make a trip, probably to the Pacific Coast, starting about the end of October. It will be a somewhat hurried trip, the prime minister said, but he will make a number of speeches, some of them, in all probability, on the way out to the west. Definite arrangements for the trip have been somewhat held up owing to lack of information as to just when Premier Ramsay MacDonald was coming to Ottawa. It has now been settled that Mr. MacDonald will be in the capital shortly after the fifteenth of October, and Mr. King's trip will begin after the departure of the British prime minister.

## Damage To Chinese Property Enormous

Government Estimates Cost Of Russian Raids At \$25,000,000

Shanghai.—The Chinese Nationalist Government estimated damage to Chinese property from Russian raids of Manchurian border points at \$25,000,000, according to a Kuomintang official agency despatch.

For three months the 2,000-mile Russo-Chinese border between Manchuria and Siberia has been the scene of sporadic fighting, the trouble starting over Chinese seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway administration from the authority of the U.S.S.R.

## FOR CONTROL AND LIMITATION OF THE DRUG EVIL

Geneva.—The British delegation at the League of Nations assembly has presented a proposal designed to bring out an international agreement for control and limitation of production of heroin, morphine and cocaine. The move was regarded as representing a complete reversal by the League Government of the late Baldwin Government's attitude in refusing to enter an agreement seeking to limit manufacture of narcotics.

The new British position was announced to the assembly's committee on social questions by N. Baker, member of parliament. The British recommendation is that the League Council invite the governments of countries in which narcotics are manufactured to confer together as to the possibility of reaching an agreement on the total amount of each of the three drugs to be manufactured annually and as to the quota of each that these countries should manufacture. The new attitude adopted by Great Britain brings her into accord with the attitude of Canada, the United States and Italy. By the British resolution initiative in calling a conference of the States is placed in the League's Council.

## SHOULD HOLD EXPORT GRAIN FOR BETTER PRICE

Ottawa.—Nothing should induce the Canadian farmer to move his grain overseas unless he receives a proper price. This is the position taken by E. B. Ramsay, chairman of the Board of Grain Commissioners. "There are sufficient storage facilities in Canada," Mr. Ramsay said in an interview here, "to take care of this year's crop as well as the large hold-over from last year. If there should be any congestion it will likely be only temporary."

The welfare of all Canada depends on the farmer receiving a proper price for his grain," Mr. Ramsay said. "There has been some reluctance overseas to pay the figure demanded, but this should not discourage the farmer in his desire to obtain an equitable return for his crop."

There was every indication that although this year's crop would not be large, it would be one of the best on record from a grading standpoint. "The bulk of the crop is grading No. 1 and No. 2," Mr. Ramsay continued. "There is so little of the lower grades that the chief inspector has not enough of No. 4, 5 and 6 to make up composite samples for grading purposes."

The chief commissioner emphasized the desirability of regulating the flow of wheat out of Canada. "If all the crop is moved within a few months it necessitates the making of a large number of freight cars to western points with higher overhead as a consequence," he pointed out. "If railway companies have to provide for a sudden demand and cars are idle at other times of the year, there is sure to be a higher carriage rate."

Stabilization of grain prices from year to year is essential to the welfare not only of the western farmer, but to Canada as a whole, he declared. The western farmer purchases from the eastern manufacturer. The farmer's price-making capacity is essential to the prosperity of the country. One encouraging sign, Mr. Ramsay said, was that borrowings in the West had been greatly reduced in the last few years, and western banks were more and more able to finance the farmers from their own deposits.

The Hudson Bay route will be as important from the standpoint of imports as from exports, Mr. Ramsay declared later, in an interview. Possibly the new route would have its greatest value in reduced transportation rates on imports for the western farmer. The Hudson Bay route is in a better position to compete in prices and a pronounced increase in intra-empire trade would result.

"In my opinion," Mr. Ramsay said, "the Hudson Bay route should be regarded as a channel for bringing overseas products to the west. On their return voyages the boats will, of course, carry western grain."

"Not only will the Canadian farmer profit, but people in the North-western United States will be able to bring British goods in under bond, escaping the heavy railway charges from Atlantic ports. Canadian transportation facilities would have the benefit of carrying outbound United States products as well. Hard spring wheats from North Dakota, Montana and Idaho are ready to market at the time the navigation will be opened through Hudson Strait. Shippers across the border are sure to take advantage of the lighter charges through the northern port."

### Mongolians Mobilize

Tokyo.—Japanese press agency reports state that the outer Mongolian Government is said to have mobilized all men between the ages of 20 and 40, and has ordered two cavalry divisions commanded by Soviet officers to move to the frontier. The report adds that preparations have been made to move 50,000 troops in accordance with developments in the Russo-Chinese situation in Manchuria.

### To Confer With Hon. Forke

Ottawa.—Hon. George Handley, Minister of Agriculture from Alberta, is in the capital for a conference with Hon. Robert Forke, Dominion Minister of Immigration. While the subject up for discussion was not officially made known, it is understood certain phases of the employment situation in Alberta are to be discussed.

More than 1,000 American citizens are living in South Africa.

Arabia has only one automobile to every 75,000 people.



## Pay Visit To Northern Indians

Government Officials Return From a 2,000 Mile Canoe Trip

Following a 2,000 mile trip by canoe that took them through the wilderness of northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan, Dr. F. S. Leeder, public health department, Regina, and J. W. Waddy, Indian agent for the La Crosse and The Pas agencies, have returned and have handed in their reports. The trip over the water trails of the north occupied more than two months. The officials were accompanied by four native canoeists from the Big Eddy Settlement, north of The Pas. The purpose of the trip was to investigate conditions among the Indians, to pay treaty money and distribute treaty supplies. The supplies consisted of clothing, ammunition and twine for the manufacture of fish nets.

Indians on the various rivers visited were examined by Dr. Leeder. Treatments were administered to those who were found to be suffering. More than 800 were vaccinated for smallpox.

"The Indians take to vaccine readily," says Mr. Waddy. "We had no difficulty since they regard it as a cure-all in many instances. They have not forgotten the smallpox scourge of 30 years ago. There was no smallpox in the camps. The vaccination was done merely as a precautionary measure.

"From a health standpoint the Indians are as well off as last year. There is no flu to speak of. There is tuberculosis. Of the ten reserves visited, the worst seemed to be around Pelican Narrows."

Mr. Waddy found, in taking a census, that there were 128 women to every 100 men among the 2,300 Indians visited. This, he says, is due to the fact that the men live an arduous life, filled with dangers. Many are killed through accidents, and many are drowned.

"Some say the Indians are lazy," says Mr. Waddy. "They are not. They are on the portages most of the time, working, hunting, trapping; and they are putting up a great fight for existence. They depend a lot on hunting, fishing and trapping for their livelihood. In the far north they find few fish and live mostly on caribou. Sometimes there are plenty of caribou and other times, well, the Indians just go hungry.

"Fur bearing animals are gradually decreasing. The use of poison by white trappers has killed off a lot. This practice has been discontinued since the R.C.M.P. took over Saskatchewan agency. Then the bush fires have destroyed the food of the fur bearing animals. Flammes have done away with mice, rabbits, squirrels and birds. Forest fires destroy many of the young animals in their dens.

"During the trip we had but one general complaint from the Indians. That was about the restriction on trapping beaver. Some beaver trapping is done illegally by the whites. The Indian knows this. It is making him discontented with this special part of the game law. There would be little cry from the Indian if he thought the beaver were being conserved. The condition is worse in Manitoba in this regard.

"A decrease in the number of prospectors was noticeable on the trip. There were very few. Those who were in there were making a more intensive search than formerly. They were keeping quiet too. There is much activity north of the Churchill River. The outlook seems to be good.

"One thing we noticed was that the Churchill seems to be the northernmost limit of the song birds. There were few beyond. But along the river there were millions. Among them were innumerable robins.

Asked if the natives were obeying the laws, the agent stated that no complaints had been made to him. The educational requirements, he



"I believe Mrs. Meyer's husband is drowning."  
"How dreadful to be a widow before being divorced." — Jugend, Munich.

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said, were being looked after by the missionaries of the reserves. They were assisted by the department of Indian affairs. The missionaries also act as government dispensers of medicine for the sick.

### Finishing Broilers

Valuable Advice Contained In Bulletin Regarding Feeding and Other Details

Late hatched chickens find a ready market as broilers when they are well fleshed. For broiler trade which calls for birds that are suitable for broiling, chickens should not exceed 2½ pounds in weight. Even those that weigh less than 1½ pounds to the pair find a market under the name of squab broilers.

In Bulletin No. 20, of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, "Preparing Poultry Produce for Market," Mr. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman, recommends finishing broilers on a palatable mash in a clean yard where the birds are not encouraged to run off their feet with too much plan to move about. The mash is preferably mixed with milk, and should contain some green food. It is very important that the utmost cleanliness be observed both in the feeding utensils and in the yard and roosting places, and care must be exercised to keep the birds free from lice.

Bleeding through the mouth and dry plucking are advised for birds to be sold dressed. If the weather is warm and local killing facilities not good, it may pay to ship alive.

For dressed broilers the pasteboard carton 6 inches high, 6 inches wide, and 11 inches long is a very suitable package for 2 or 3 broilers according to their size.

### How To Sleep

Should Curl Up Like a Cat, Say Scientists

New findings on how to sleep best were reported at a symposium on sleep at the ninth International Congress of Psychology at New Haven, Conn.

To curl like a kitten seems to give the greatest possible relaxation. Sleeping "like a log" may be a bad sign, a warning of overstrain. When sleep refuses to come, it is probably the muscles that bar the sand man's arrival.

"Prevailing conceptions of sleep were heavily shaken by experimental findings presented by 10 investigators," said H. M. Johnson, of Mellon Institute of Pittsburgh, chairman of the symposium, in summing up.

Motion pictures taken at the institute indicate that the greatest possible relaxation is in a coil much like a kitten's and in a sprawling posture resembling that of a swimmer. A bed that is too narrow or badly designed simply limits the number of postures that are favored.

### Free Farm Lands

Increasing Demand For Free Homesteads In Western Canada

There is an increasing demand for the free homestead lands in Western Canada offered to settlers by the Canadian Government. In the first seven months of this year, 9,031 entries for quarter-sections of 160 acres of homestead lands were made, an increase of 2,267 over the corresponding period last year. The 9,031 entries represent 1,444,960 acres of farm land.

"There still remains a considerable acreage of arable land in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia available as free homesteads, and millions of acres of fertile land near to railways, markets and schools can be purchased at prices from \$15 to \$20 an acre, with payments extended over a term of years.

### A Faithful Clock

A clock in the Castle Rushen, Isle of Man, has worked continuously for 300 years, and has not needed adjustments until recently, when it was taken down for repairs. It is known as the Queen Elizabeth clock, and was presented to Queen Elizabeth in 1597. It has only one hand and three wheels.

### Aerial Photography

During the 1928 season, 88,000 aerial photographs of areas in different parts of Canada were taken by the Royal Canadian Air Force for the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior. Of these 17,500 were oblique views and the remainder vertical views.

Mrs. Junebride—Somehow I can't help suspecting that you're leading a double life.

Her Husband—Nonsense! Only a single man can afford a double life.

If you are tall and skinny, eat Crisco. It's shortening.

### English Language Spreading

Knowledge Of English Becoming Almost a Necessity World Over

One of the remarkable developments of the present century is the manner in which the English language is spreading throughout the world. English is, of course, one of the two official languages of the League of Nations, and this means that it is almost necessary that anyone who aspires to represent his country at Assembly meeting or on one of the numerous League commissions should have a knowledge of the English tongue.

In the Orient, English is a sort of lingua franca. Many languages and many dialects are spoken by the teeming populations of Asia, but in addition to his native tongue, anyone who aspires to a position of importance in official or commercial life finds that a knowledge of English is not only a great convenience but very nearly a necessity.

In Northern Europe, the use of English is spreading rapidly. Norway and Denmark have made it the second language taught in their schools. In Sweden, where German has long since been the second language, a movement is on foot to place English and German on an equal footing. In Finland, English is growing in popularity, and there are suggestions that, before long, it may replace Swedish as the second language of the republic. In Estonia, where many languages are spoken, German, Swedish, Russian and Yiddish, in addition to the national language, English has been, since 1920, the second language taught to the native-born, and the third to the children who belong to the minority races. The London Spectator stated in a recent issue, however, that owing to difficulty in getting English texts and the cost of these, there was a possibility that the Estonian schools might have to take up German for a time instead of English.

In Central Europe, English is also finding a foothold. A despatch from Prague, the other day, announced that it was being made a compulsory subject in the schools of Czechoslovakia, while special arrangements had been made for the instruction of adults in the language, and that radio lectures in English were to be given three or four times a week.—Vancouver Province.

### Device To Facilitate

Landing Of Packages

Invention Of Swiss Engineer Delivers Parcels From Airplane

A device to permit delivery of small packages from an airplane has been invented by a Swiss engineer, the Department of Commerce reports.

The device consists of an aluminum shell, equipped with a precision watch and a parachute. The watch may be adjusted according to the altitude of the plane and the carrier will fall like a dead weight until about 3,000 feet above the ground. At that point, the watch releases the parachute, permitting the package to land slowly near the desired spot.

## A Fine Old Scot



Donald Fraser, ninety-year-old Canadian Scot, of Victoria, would not pass up the opportunity of seeing his brother Scots in action and was in the picturesque figure at the Bonin Highland Gathering recently held at the famous resort in the Rockies. Mr. Fraser's father came out to Canada 120 years ago, but he himself has never been to Scotland. He is typically Scottish in accent and appearance and plans to visit the homeland some day.



JAMES COLLEY

Assistant Superintendent of Colonization, Canadian Pacific Railway at Calgary, who has been appointed Superintendent, Department of Colonization and Development of the Company, Montreal, succeeding Mr. H. C. P. Cresswell, transferred to London, England.

### Where Governments

Are Quite Powerless

Religion Of People Something They Cannot Interfere With

Notwithstanding all that is being said about the changing beliefs of the people of the world there is, nevertheless, an underlying principle of religion, active or dormant, everywhere. Man is a being that requires to worship. That is demanded of him by his own better nature. Dogmas may mean little, but deep in his nature is implanted that something which looks away beyond himself for something that satisfies an inner longing, call it whatever you please.

Governments or Soviets are powerless to dictate the religion of the people, and Sunday or Sabbath or whatever name is given as a designation, has a definite place in the lives of all; it is a part of their being, born in them and cherished by them.

What would the irreligious even in this land do or say were the Government to stipulate days of rest instead of that which tradition has passed on to all? There would be an uprising if any government should ever state what a man should believe or what place of worship he should attend. Man has won for all time a freedom in that direction that can never again be questioned, hence the innovation introduced by Russia of abolishing the Sunday, and giving two days of rest in place of it will not satisfy when all the people want the same day, to do with as they please.

### Dinner By Airplane

Assured friends of Eduardo Pena, editor of the newspaper El Liberal, who tendered him a banquet Sunday, claim to have established a precedent when they ordered a sumptuous repast from a Buenos Aires restaurant 700 miles distant which was transported by airplane and served piping hot at the Assumption Club.

### New Feed For Cattle

"Grass Cakes" Very Nutritious and Are Readily Eaten

Canada this year has undergone the unusual experience of an abnormally dry summer season with a consequent failure of live stock and field productiveness. The supply of milk, "the ideal food," especially for children, has fallen to about half of normal, though, fortunately, this does not mean deprivation in their case. The position, however, should call attention to the new cattle feed, tentatively known as "grass cakes," first introduced to public notice in 1927 by an agricultural professor in a conference in Cambridge University, England.

After the proof of the pudding at Cambridge, so striking were the possibilities of repeatedly mowing grasslands and converting the short, leafy, nutritious herbage into dried, compressed cakes that a special official report was prepared at times in the season, dried and compressed, so proving a feeding stuff of high protein content (25 per cent.).

This grass cake would be capable of ready transport and storage, and would be suitable for winter use in association with carbohydrate and starch foods. It would also be rich in vitamins. Dr. H. H. Woodman of the School of Agriculture, Cambridge University, has devoted special attention to the question of "green cakes" and has suggested that in the future we may see large areas of grassland devoted to the production of protein concentrate in this form.

The cakes are of a density nearly equal to that of water, forty cubic feet of the former and thirty-six cubic feet of the latter weighing approximately one ton. Even denser cakes have been made and may become usual. "Grass cakes" as they are made are of pleasant odor, have the fresh green color of grass, swell considerably and break up when soaked with water, and are readily eaten by cattle and sheep.

### The First Lake Tragedy

French Explorer With Crew Lost On Great Lakes In 1779

Nowhere on the earth are there as many steamships in a given area as there are on the Great Lakes during the navigation season. The fresh water seas are crowded from May to November, and the work that they do has played a large part in building up the prosperity of Canada and the United States.

Two hundred and fifty years ago this summer white men sailed the lakes for the first time. The story is interesting and romantic, with a dash of mystery to add to its attraction. La Salle, the famous French explorer, was the skipper of the lakes' first cargo-carrier.

Not trusting himself to the frail canoes of the Indians for his amazing journey to the mouth of the Mississippi by an inland water route he built his own ship at the east end of Lake Erie. This ship, named the Griffon, was about the size of a modern fishing tug. La Salle had nothing resembling a chart. Jealous rivals had told him the lakes were full of reefs and sand bars.

Up the river went La Salle; up past the "flats" of Lake St. Clair and into Lake Huron. North of the straits of Mackinac, and on into Lake Michigan, dropping anchor at last off the Wisconsin shore in Green Bay, where a camp was established. La Salle was heavily in debt. His party spent weeks collecting furs. Finally the Griffon was loaded with them and sent back, to carry them to Montreal and pay off La Salle's creditors.

The Griffon disappeared over the horizon on a bright clear morning, and vanished from sight forever. The first ship on the lakes had a short career. Somewhere between Green Bay and the head of the Niagara River, the Griffon went down with all hands—the first of a long line of ships to be lost to the fury of the inland seas.

Its voyage and the loss of its crew helped in a very real sense to pave the way for the present great traffic of the lakes.

### Saved It Up

Two commercial travellers were discussing the character of a third. One defended him and the other disputed his honesty.  
"Well," said the first, "you must admit he has lots of moral principles."  
"He ought to have," retorted the second, "for he never uses any."

## More Trade With Britain

Hon. J. H. Thomas Believes Canada Should Enlarge Trade With Mother Country

"As far as Canada is concerned we are your best single customer for the greatest of your natural resources—wheat; and therefore I am disposed to look at the other side of the ledger. For every pound you spend with us, you spend five pounds with your neighbours to the south—the United States. I have thought of how far this situation can be met in a fair and legitimate way, and I have laid down certain cardinal principles. I have no right to try and injure any business you are doing, nor have I any such intention. But I am entitled to examine the goods you are buying from other people, the things you do not manufacture for yourselves; and I am entitled to say to you, not only because of the ties of kinship that bind us, but because it is good business, that you should deal generously and as fairly with your best customer as you do with those who are not serving you so well as we are."

In these terms the Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal in the British Cabinet, presented his views on intra-Empire trade to the Ottawa Canadian Club recently.

"The British Government knows there never existed such a need for substituting the peace mind. That is why Premier Ramsay MacDonald is going to the United States. And he is going to the United States to advocate the creation of 'a peace mind no matter what the consequences,' he continued.

After touching on peace, he turned to the International relations of Great Britain. All nations should realize their dependency on others, he said, but some of the members of the British Government, prior to the recent conference at The Hague, had come to the conclusion that there was a tendency among other nations to misunderstand England's readiness to give way and compromise. That was why Chancellor Snowden had taken the stand which he did at The Hague.

"He did not go to The Hague to haggle and haggle over a few million dollars," Mr. Thomas declared amid applause. Mr. Snowden had taken his stand at The Hague because a time had come to show the world that Great Britain is not always prepared to compromise for the benefit of others, and that when a question of principle is involved she is ready to take a firm stand.

He had decided when visiting Canada, said Mr. Thomas, that it would be extremely unwise to discuss either "our political affairs or yours." The political affairs of each country were that country's business. On the other hand there were certain large questions on which the Dominion was entitled to information as to the stand of the British Labor Government. The first of these things, said Mr. Thomas, was peace. Here, Mr. Thomas made his reference to the visit of Mr. MacDonald to the United States. Then he spoke of the stand Mr. Snowden had taken at The Hague. He followed with brief reference to the British constitution.

### Saskatchewan Coal Mines

More coal mines are operating in Saskatchewan than in Nova Scotia, according to the weekly News Letter of August 17, 1929, issued by the Canadian Government Information Bureau. Of the 437 coal mines operating in Canada, 292 are in Alberta, 55 in Saskatchewan, 40 in Nova Scotia, 35 in British Columbia, 14 in New Brunswick, and one in the Yukon Territory. More than \$146,000,000 is invested in these mines which give employment to more than 28,360 persons.

"Where does your father work, son?"

"He used to work in a brewery, but he got the sack."

"Got the sack? What for?"

"For stock-taking."

In a single season banana trees grow from 30 to 40 feet in height.



"I have this letter in my pocket still. It ought to have been posted a week ago."

"Never mind. Post it now and the postman won't notice it." — Pages Gales, Yverdon.



Constant daily testing and blending of the world's choicest teas give Red Rose Tea its inimitable flavor and never-varying goodness. Every package guaranteed. 74

# RED ROSE TEA

"is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good  
In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

## The Singing Fool

By HUBERT DAIL

Copyright, 1923, Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.

### SYNOPSIS

Al Stone, a singing waiter at Blackie Joe's New York night club, wins fame as a composer of popular songs. Grace, the cigarette girl at Blackie's, who loves Al without his knowing it, is left behind. He marries Molly Winton, a ballad singer and makes her famous, too. She does not love him. Molly has a baby, Junior, whom Al adores. Al becomes part owner of the fashionable Club Bombo, and on the night of the third anniversary of his marriage presents his beloved Molly with a diamond brooch. He does not know that Molly, while approaching the club in her limousine, was ardently kissed by his friend, John Perry, who begged her to leave Al. On the way home with Al she is moody. When she sees Al later in the nursery bending devotedly over sleeping Junior, his baby son, her conscience bothers her. This, in turn, makes her angry at her husband.

### CHAPTER XIV.

Al heard Molly's step and turned to embrace her. She defiantly averted his grasp, stifling the look of aversion in her eyes as she did so. Al thought nothing of it; he believed she was merely anxious to avoid any noise that might wake Junior. Again he made a move toward the child, but Molly caught his hand.

"Sh!" she murmured in an irritated voice. "Don't wake him. I'm tired. He might cry."

Al pretended in earnest pantomime that he had no intention of waking Junior, but, unseen by Molly, his other hand crept toward the protruding toe of the boy. The truth was Al couldn't bear the thought of going to bed without a word or two with little Junior. So as Molly turned away to go to her own room Al nudged the baby's foot and smiled to himself. Junior's eyes opened sleepily and, as he recognized his father, he murmured, "Hello, daddy."

At the gentle words Molly turned, a smile stealing over her face. In spite of herself, she stroked Al, pretending surprise that Junior had awakened, but obviously delighted that it had happened. He quickly leaned over, gathered the baby in his arms and straightened up with the child held close to him. One chubby, soft arm went round his neck.

"Good boy, daddy," whispered Junior, smuggling closer. "Come home."

Swiftly Al carried his precious bundle toward Junior, who waited, a look of indignation upon her face. She wanted to see Junior and cuddle him, too, yet the sight of his innocent baby face at this moment sharpened her gully thoughts and aggravated her irritation toward Al. But Al was holding Junior toward her, so there was nothing to do but take the child in her arms.

"Be more careful," she whispered petulantly. "You're spoiling my curls."

Al noticed her tope and quickly took Junior from her. But as soon as she had left the nursery and Junior sat down on his father's lap,

the baby began to chat volubly. He was thoroughly wide awake and Al forgot his chagrin over Molly's irritability in his delight over Junior. Was any sound as sweet as that high childish treble?

"How big are you, Junior?" he asked.

The baby's tiny arms were spread wide as he gave the required answer:

"So-o-o big!"

Al's head went back, as he laughed delightedly, just as if they had not gone through that nursery ritual a thousand times. Then Junior turned and demanded, "Now, daddy, tell me story."

"Story?" repeated Al. "What kind? Animal story, giant story?"

"Frog story," answered Junior briefly, settling down comfortably in Al's protecting arms.

"All right," agreed the father. "Now listen, closely. Once there was a fat old froggie who lived in a hole in the ground under a great big tree. He had a big deep voice and—"

Al glanced down—Junior's eyes had closed. He tried desperately to hold them open, but again they went shut as the story continued.

When the tale was ended he was sleeping quietly. Then Al, singing to him softly, put him back into his bed and tucked him in. His toy was placed beside his open hand where he would see it first thing in the morning, and then—

one last adoring look, a quick kiss, and Al slipped out of the room.

Molly had disrobed the moment she reached her room and slipped into a negligee. But her door was open and, as she went about the business of cold-creaming her face, she could not help but hear the sounds of joy and perfect comradeship that came from the nursery.

Somewhat, they cut into her consciousness like acid on a raw wound, so that she quite forgot what she was doing. The anger she had felt and stifled when she entered the apartment now returned in greater force than ever. It seemed to her that everything that Al had done tonight irritated her. Even his presentation of the brooch had a bad conclusion, for it had made John Perry discreetly withdraw from the party. And Al's pride in her and love for her, instead of soothing her vanity, worked just the other way.

At this moment she glanced in the mirror to see Al approaching from behind, his face aglow with that same expression of joy and devotion.

As he came closer and slipped his arms around her she jumped up and stepped out of the embrace, making no attempt to hide her displeasure.

Before Al could say anything in protest she had crossed the room.

He shook his head in a astonished, Oh, well, he thought philosophically, it was just another of Molly's moods. He made a move to cross over to her, but suddenly Molly's white arms went above her head in protest. She stood glaring at him, like an animal at bay.

"What's the matter with you, Molly?" he asked sharply, in amazement. "What have I done? For weeks you haven't seemed like yourself!"

There was challenge in Al's voice, but there was pleading, too. The expression of aversion left Molly's

face; desperately she struggled to think of an explanation that would smooth things over. But it was no use—she had gone too far; there was no turning back.

"What is it, darling?" Al pleaded. "Can't you tell me? Haven't you everything to make you happy—a beautiful home—a baby—me?"

But Molly seemed to grow harder with every word he uttered. Her icy silence, as she confronted him with gleaming eyes, sent a dreadful current of fear through him. Was there nothing he could say to arouse her—to drive out this evil spirit and bring back the Molly he loved. He said with a controlled quietness that gave no hint of his madly throbbing heart:

"You act as though you didn't love me—any more. Don't you?"

At that Molly's head came up. It was as if she had been waiting, trying to force him to a show-down.

Now she was ready to speak.

"I don't love you any more."

The dreadful words were spoken slowly and soberly, but the minute they were out a look of disdain curled her lips and her eyes flashed defiance.

Now—at last—she had come clean. Now, her attitude said, what was he going to do about it?

Al recoiled as if she had struck him across the face with a whip. The words seemed to travel swiftly down infernal corridors in his brain, and came echoing back.

But faintly Molly could stand the silence no longer.

"You heard me!" she exclaimed harshly. "I meant it. I don't love you! Do you understand? I don't love you! Now let me alone!"

The last remark was shot at him with deadly aim and purpose, as she might have thrown a burning blind-forgotten faggot. It was all over now, she thought; there would be no more pretending on her part. This was the climax of the storm that had been gathering force within her for more than a year. She didn't love him; in fact, she hated him now with a terrible intensity because he had made her feel unworthy by loving her too much. She wanted to hurt him with all the cruelty in her power, driving forever that adoring look from his eyes.

Al did not cringe as he listened to her, yet he knew at last that their life and comradeship together were utterly smashed. His face was pale as death. But as they faced each other, eyes agleam, hands clinched, they heard another sound like the faint sweet tinkle of a bell. It was Junior's voice, calling gently:

"Mamma. Please come to me."  
(To Be Continued.)

## WHEN BABY IS WELL

### MOTHER IS HAPPY

The happy mother is the one whose baby is well. It is the laughing, gurgling baby who always brings joy to the home. When baby is ill everyone in the home suffers—not only through worry over the little one but through loss of sleep—no one can rest with a sick baby in the home. Thousands of mothers are happy mothers because they have found the way to keep their little ones well—or if sickness does come on suddenly, as it usually does with little ones, they have found the way to speedily bring the baby back to health again.

Mrs. George Keck, Lindberg, Alta., is one of these mothers and she writes as follows:— "I am the happy mother of a seven-month-old baby girl. Baby is healthy and strong and sleeps well at night. I give her no other medicine but Baby's Own Tablets, and she just loves them. I am never without Baby's Own Tablets in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels; sweeten the stomach and thus drive out constipation and indigestion and make the cutting of teeth easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Car Accidents in Iceland

### Increasing Number Of Automobile Accidents Presents a Problem

Iceland, of all places under the sun, is complaining of its growing number of automobile accidents.

Just like Chicago and New York and London, this metropolis has its careless drivers and its drunken drivers. And all of this, of course, makes for more accidents.

An auto bus took a turn in a country road too rapidly. Two passengers were killed and the others injured. Icelandic authorities halted the driver into court, found that he conducted his bus in a most careless manner and sentenced him to a month in jail. His license was taken away permanently.

Kill that corn with Minard's Linalment.

"Ain't you going to get up and fight? I told you you've got him going."

"That's all right, you tell me when he's gone."

## "Electric Man" Puzzles Doctors

Receives Shock When Using Telephone Or Radio Headphones

Frederick Stone, a chauffeur at Holworthy, north Devonshire, England, is so charged with electricity that:

(1) He cannot use a telephone or wear a radio headphone without receiving a shock, and

(2) He cannot drive his automobile or walk without wearing vulcanite insulation pads in his shoes, and

(3) He can locate buried gold, silver and copper.

This strange "electrical" man has spent 20 of his 49 years in hospitals puzzling doctors.

A phone test of his divining powers has been held at Plymouth Municipal Museum under the supervision of the curator. The electric man located without trouble buried nuggets of gold, gold-bearing quartz and even gold jewelry.

Stone finds hidden gold and copper by means of a wand consisting of an ordinary steel clock spring. This wand and wriggles in his hand like a snake when he approaches buried treasure.

The number of wriggles denoted the number of feet he is away from the exact spot.

Discussing his unusual gift, Stone said that these divining spells put a great strain upon him and were all followed by periods of intense lassitude.

"The only way I can get relief from the electric currents when I am thus overdone," he said, "is to touch wood."

"I enjoy listening to the wireless by loud speaker, but as soon as I put on a pair of headphones I feel physical helplessness as if I had received a blow on the head. I cannot use a telephone without intolerable discomfort."

"Once," wrote my wife's wrist watch and it came all to pieces. I must be supercharged with electricity."

## Little Helps For This Week

"Watch therefore, for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come,"—Matthew xxiv. 42.

Think not I dread to see my spirit fly through the dark gates of fell mortality;

Death has no terrors when the life is true; 'T is living ill that makes us fear to die.

—Omar Khayyam.

When the hour of death comes,—that comes to high and low alike,—then it's na what we have done for ourselves, but what we have done for others that we think on most pleasantly.

—Sir Walter Scott.

When a man dies, they who survive him ask what property he has left behind. The angel who bends over the dying man asks what good deeds he has sent before him.

—The Koran.

## Pity the Editor

A Difficult Matter To Be Popular With Everyone

It is likely editors are the most unpopular people in the world. If they say to please one group, they offend another. If they express honest convictions, which they usually do—narrow critics to the contrary notwithstanding—they are by many misjudged and discredited.

If perchance, at rare intervals, an editor hears of no error that has crept in or feels no assault on his idea of what should or should not be published, he is profoundly relieved—almost happy. He does not need commendation for any meritorious thing he has written or done to make him measurably satisfied with life.

All he needs is freedom from the sharp stabs of those who are looking for imperfections or grounds for disagreement. There is no closed season, and often he is lambasted without knowing it, but if he doesn't know it, he is not hurt, and he may even imagine he has escaped by unanimous consent.

We would counsel the young who contemplate journalistic careers to develop thick and tough hides as a preliminary step, and leave behind all desire to run for office, or to win in any other form of popularity contest.—Benson, Minn., Monitor.

The Professor—After your motion for a new trial has been denied what is the next step to take?

The Pretty Girl Student—'I'd cry a little.

You can take lessons by mail to increase your will power or you can practice getting up at night for another blanket.

W. N. U. 1804

## Dyeing this way makes faded Dresses NEW



DIAMOND DYES are the finest dyes you can buy. They are made to give you real service. They contain the very highest quality anilines that can be produced.

It's the quality of the anilines in Diamond Dyes that give such soft, bright, new-looking colors; that make them go on so evenly—without spotting or streaking; that enable them to keep their depth and brilliance through wear and washings. Next time you have dying to do, try Diamond Dyes. See how easy and simple it is to use them. Then compare results. You will surely agree Diamond Dyes are better dyes. The white package of Diamond Dyes has both packages.

is the highest quality dye, prepared for general use. It will dye or tie silk, wool, cotton, linen, rayon or any mixture of materials. The blue package is a special dye, for silk and wool only. With it you can dye your valuable articles of silk or wool with results equal to the finest professional work. When you buy—remember this. The blue package dyes silk or wool only. The white package will dye every kind of goods, including silk and wool. Your dealer has both packages.

## Diamond Dyes Sun Proof

EASY TO USE—BETTER RESULTS

Diamond Dyes contain the highest quality anilines money can buy. And it is the life of dye; the source of their rich colors; brilliance and permanence. ALL DEALERS 15¢

## Idea May Be Feasible

Berlin To New York In Six Hours Is Plan Of Young Engineer

"Take a solid breakfast in Berlin and don't worry about food on the plane. You can have lunch in New York!"

This might be the last advice given by good friends to a passenger of a futuristic airplane not yet constructed, but planned by Heinz Guenther Perl, a 21-year-old Berlin engineer. Perl claims that his "plane" would make the trip from Berlin to New York in about six hours, saying that world-famous scientists and experts like Professor Einstein and Count Arco studied his device carefully, approved of it and now, firmly believe in its feasibility.

## Bulwark Of Civilization

Sir Robt. Borden Says British Commonwealth Of Nations Is a Model

The British Commonwealth of Nations stands today as a model to the League of Nations. To destroy its unity would be a crime against mankind. So stated Right Hon. Sir Robert Borden, Canada's war-time prime minister, at a luncheon of the Canadian Club at Ottawa. Sir Robert was speaking on the occasion of the entertainment by the Canadian Club of the National Federation of Canadian University Students and other delegates to the second imperial conference of students, in session at Montreal. He chose for his subject, "A Vista in Political Evolution."

## PATENTS

A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request. The RAMSAY CO., 167 OTTAWA, ONT.



Packed full of fire for any sort of ignition job—farm engine, tractor, marine motor—Eveready Hot-Shots put the pep behind your cylinders!

Last longer because they recuperate marvellously. Protected by metal case against damp, rain or accident. Give full value for your money. Ask for Eveready Hot-Shots by name. If the label does not say "Eveready", it's not a genuine Hot-Shot.

Canadian National Carbon Co., Limited  
Calgary TORONTO Montreal  
Vancouver Winnipeg  
Owning Eveready Battery Division CANCO, Toronto

## EVEREADY Dry Batteries

—they last longer



## When Pain Comes

For Troubles due to Acid Indigestion ACID STOMACH HEADACHE GASES-HAZARD

What many people call indigestion very often means a clogged acid stomach. The stomach nerves have been over-stimulated, and food sores. The corrective is an alkali which neutralizes acids instantly. And the best alkali known to medical science is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained the standard with physicians in the 60 years since its invention. One powerful of this harmless,

tasteless alkali in water will neutralize instantly many times as much acid, and the symptoms disappear at once. You will never use crude cathartics again once you learn the efficiency of this. Go get a small bottle to try. Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia presented by physicians for 60 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggist.

## Christmas Sailings



### TO THE Old Country

BOOK NOW TO GET CHOICE ACCOMMODATION  
THROUGH SERVICE TO THE SEABOARD

From	Boat	Date	To
Montreal	"Andania"	Nov. 22	Glasgow, Belfast, Liverpool
Montreal	"Ascania"	Nov. 22	Plymouth, Harve, London
Montreal	"Laurentic"	Nov. 23	Glasgow, Belfast, Liverpool
Halifax	"Oscar II"	Nov. 25	Christiansand, Oslo, Copenhagen
Halifax	"Stavangerfjord"	Nov. 25	Bergen, Stavanger, Oslo
Halifax	"Meganic"	Nov. 28	Glasgow, Belfast, Liverpool
Halifax	"Pennland"	Dec. 8	Plymouth, Cherbourg, Antwerp
Halifax	"Berlin"	Dec. 8	Queenstown, Cherbourg, Bremen
Halifax	"Tuscania"	Dec. 9	Plymouth, Harve, London
Halifax	"Cedric"	Dec. 9	Queenstown, Liverpool
Halifax	"Gripsholm"	Dec. 9	Göteborg
Halifax	"Frederik VIII"	Dec. 9	Christiansand, Oslo, Copenhagen
Halifax	"Lituanien"	Dec. 9	Copenhagen, Danzig
Halifax	"Athena"	Dec. 14	Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow
Halifax	"Baltic"	Dec. 16	Queenstown, Liverpool

Get full particulars from Local Agent or write  
JOS. MADILL, District Passenger Agent, Edmonton

## Canadian National

### FRANK V. HOWARD

**Visits Chinook Every Saturday**  
**PIANO, THEORY and HARMONY**  
Pupils prepared for the Toronto Conservatory (Local Exams).  
YOUNGSTOWN CENTRE  
TERMS: \$1.00 PER LESSON

Pianos & Organs tuned and regulated.  
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**Beauty Parlor**  
**First Class Work At**  
**Reasonable Prices**  
**Shop Closed Monday**  
**Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.**  
Phone 5



**CROCUS LODGE, No. 115,**  
**G.R.A., A.F. & A.M.**  
Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday  
on or after the full moon.  
Visiting brethren cordially wel-  
comed.

**KEITH THOMPSON,**  
**W.M.**  
**R. W. WRIGHT,**  
**Secretary.**

### King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours  
Our restaurant has been thoroughly  
renovated, and new booths installed  
All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks  
and Candies. ICE CREAM  
CHINOOK - ALTA

### Motor

### Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable  
**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
Chinook, Alta.

SEE

### H. Howton

FOR

Painting & Kalsomining. Furni-  
ture Lacquered & Renovated.  
Sample Wallpaper Books for  
1929 are here—see them. A full  
range of choice papers from 10c  
per roll up.

**H. HOWTON : Chinook**

### Hanna Presbytery

Continued from page 1  
God's fishermen should be taught;  
fishermen knew to fish

Rev. Leech of Drumheller gave  
an address on "The principle ele-  
ments in the religion of Jesus." In  
choice and poetical language he  
created a word picture of the  
beautiful character of our Lord.

Monday evening, Rev. Howie  
of Hanna gave a lecture of "As-  
tronomy."

Tuesday was taken up with re-  
ports from students, reception of  
ministers into this conference and  
other business.  
A Layman's Association with  
Mr. Coupland of Richdale as presi-  
dent was organized by Dr. Endicott.  
This association is to be  
represented at the provincial con-  
ference in Calgary on Oct. 28th  
and 29th.

On Tuesday evening a splendid  
programme consisting of solos,  
duets, etc., was rendered, followed  
by a most interesting address by  
Dr. Endicott of Saskatoon.

Dr. Endicott will preach in  
Chinook United church on Sun-  
day, Oct. 20th, at 3 p.m., and it  
is hoped that many will avail  
themselves of this opportunity to  
hear this splendid speaker.

### Farmer Crushed Between Tractor and Thresher

Nick Zaporozin, who resides  
near Hamurka, was driving a  
tractor, trying to get it near a  
separator, the feeder of which was  
down, was accidentally caught be-  
tween the feeder and tractor, and  
before the engine could be stopped  
he was severely injured. He was  
rushed to the hospital at Corona-  
tion where he died of his injuries  
the following day.

This is the second tragedy that  
has occurred in this family in two  
months, as the deceased had re-  
lations drowned while bathing in  
the Red Deer River south of  
Chinook.

### Rust-out or Wear-out?

A well-known Sheffield steel-  
master has stated that from 1860  
to 1920 the world's output of iron  
and steel was 1,880,000,000 tons,  
but of that total 666,000,000 tons  
disappeared in the form of rust.  
With steel at \$100 a ton, he cal-  
culates that rust costs the world  
\$3,500,000,000 a year. As re-  
gards farm machinery, lack of  
sheds in Western Canada, also

paint, have helped very consider-  
ably to amass that estimated total.

### Chinook United Church

Sunday, Sept. 29th  
Divine Service.....7:30 p.m.  
We cordially invite you to worship  
with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH  
Service Second Sunday Every Month  
Mass at 8:00 a.m.

### CLASSIFIED ADS.

#### For Sale

A number of iron beds, springs and  
mattresses in good repair. Apply  
management of the Acadia Hotel.

FOR SALE—One table and four  
chairs. Apply Bernard Knibbs.

### POUND NOTICE

I will sell on Monday, September  
30th, at 2 o'clock on the S. E. Quarter  
Sec. 5-27-7, west 4th, one mare three  
years old, about 1100 lbs.; color, grey;  
no brand.

G. RAY ROBISON,  
Poundkeeper.

### W. W. Isbister

General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dics Sharpened  
Horse shoeing and General  
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

### GUARANTEED RHEUMATISM CURE

HERBS ONLY

SOLD BY

Ho Yee Way

&

G. Clark

### J. W. Bredin

Licensed Auctioneer  
FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

### Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Property

Under and by virtue of the Powers  
of Sale provided by the Land Titles  
Act, under a certain mortgage which  
will be produced at the time of the  
sale.

There will be offered for sale by  
public auction at the Acadia Hotel, in  
the Village of Chinook, in the Province  
of Alberta, on Saturday, the 12th day  
of October, 1929, at the hour of two  
o'clock in the afternoon, the following  
property, namely:

South-east quarter Section Fourteen  
(14), Township Twenty-seven, (27),  
Range Eight (8), West of 4th Meridian,  
Alberta, excepting all mines and minerals  
and the right to work the same.

Terms of the sale to be 20 per cent.  
cash at the time of the sale, and the  
balance according to the terms and  
conditions to be made known at the  
time of sale or upon application to  
the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered  
for sale subject to a reserve bid and  
free from all encumbrances, save  
share lease expiring the 31st day of  
December, A.D. 1930, terminable by  
notice at any time between the 1st  
day of December, A.D. 1929, and the  
1st day of March, A.D. 1930, and  
taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the  
above property is situate about 13 1/2  
miles from Chinook, and that im-  
provements consist of frame house  
22x12, frame granary 12x12, frame  
stable 12x18 and frame bin 12x16,  
with 1 1/4 miles fencing. There is a  
well on the property, and soil is clay  
loam with clay subsoil.

For further particulars and con-  
ditions of sale, apply to Brownlee,  
Porter, Goodall & Rankine, 436  
Lougheed Building, Calgary, Alberta.  
Dated at Calgary this 11th day of  
July, A.D. 1929.

Approved: (Sgd.) W. Forbes,  
Registrar,  
BROWNLEE, PORTER, GOODALL  
& RANKINE,  
Vendor's Solicitors.

### Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Property

Under and by virtue of the Powers  
of Sale provided by the Land Titles  
Act, under a certain mortgage which  
will be produced at the time of the  
sale.

There will be offered for sale by  
public auction at the Acadia Hotel, in  
the Village of Chinook, in the Pro-  
vince of Alberta, on Saturday, the 26th  
day of October, 1929, at the hour of  
two o'clock in the afternoon, the fol-  
lowing property, namely:

The South Half of Section Thirty-  
six (36), in Township Twenty-eight  
(28), Range Seven (7), West of the  
4th Meridian, Alberta, excepting  
thereof all mines and minerals and  
the right to work the same and except-  
ing also 6.29 acres more or less for  
right-of-way.

Terms of the sale are to be 20 per  
cent. cash at the time of the sale, and  
the balance according to the terms  
and conditions to be made known at  
the time of sale or upon application  
to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered  
for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid  
and free from all encumbrances,  
save taxes for the current year.

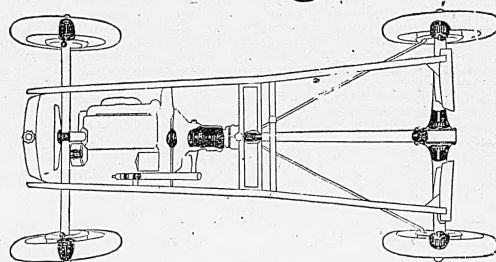
The vendor is informed that the  
above property is situate about 3 1/2  
miles from Chinook, and that im-  
provements consist of shack 14x16  
and stable 16x28. There is 1 1/2 miles  
of 2 barbed-wire fencing, and soil is  
light clay loam with clay subsoil.

For further particulars and con-  
ditions of sale, apply to Brownlee,  
Porter, Goodall & Rankine, 436  
Lougheed Building, Calgary, Alberta.

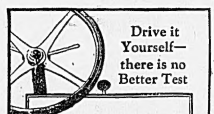
Dated at Calgary this 3rd day of  
July, A.D. 1929.

Approved: (Sgd.) W. Forbes,  
Registrar,  
BROWNLEE, PORTER, GOODALL  
& RANKINE,  
Vendor's Solicitors.

# 24 BALL and ROLLER Bearings



### Reduces Friction and Makes for Ease of Operation



Drive it  
Yourself—  
there is no  
Better Test

### Ford Car Features

Choice of colours  
35 to 65 miles an hour  
40-horse power engine  
Full balloon tires  
Fully enclosed six-brake system  
110-dialle hydraulic shock  
absorbers  
30 to 35 miles per gallon  
of gasoline  
Shatterproof glass windshield  
Theft proof ignition lock  
Reliability and low upkeep

LAVISH use of ball and roller bearings in the Ford car greatly  
reduce friction and contribute to easier operation and  
longer life of the car. Note the coasting ability of the Ford car  
as compared to any other automobile in its weight class.

Examination of the chassis will at once show the advantages of  
these bearings. On the rear axle pinion and differential all the  
taper roller bearings are held to such close limits that adjustment  
is unnecessary, pinion and ring gear always being held in proper  
mesh.

Spiral roller bearings are used in the rear hub because of their  
large bearing surface and ability to carry heavy loads. One is  
also used on the drive shaft at the universal joint end, to assure  
perfect alignment.

Taper roller bearings in the front wheels have a simple adjust-  
ment. Roller thrust bearings on the spindle bolts make for easy  
steering. Two bearings, one above and one below, take up  
the thrust on the steering worm.

The fan shaft operates on a roller bearing. The generator, the  
transmission, the connection between the spline and drive  
shafts, the clutch, the flywheel—all these important parts are  
made more efficient and enduring through the use of ball and  
roller bearings.

These bearings form a striking illustration of the engineering  
skill and care used in building the Ford car.

Arrange for your demonstration ride with the  
nearest Ford Dealer

## COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10

Service Garage

Chinook, Alta.